Chemist & Druggist

14 April 1973

THE NEWSWEEKLY FOR PHARMACY

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Lilia White chemists' supplement

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Chemist & Druggist

The newsweekly for pharmacy

14 April 1973 Vol. 199 No. 4856

114th year of publication

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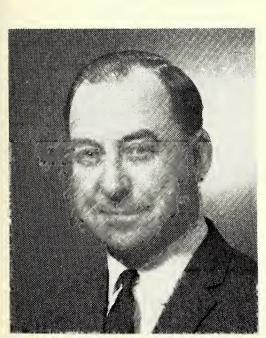
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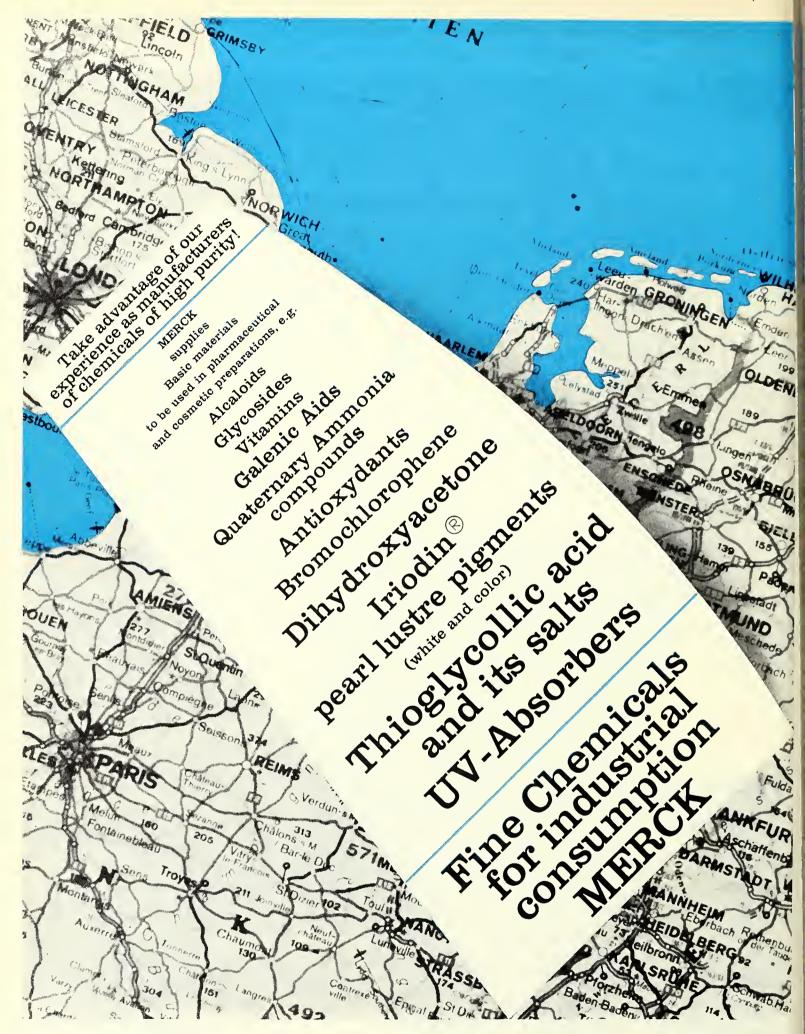
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Mr W. A. Beanland questions whether technicians can replace pharmacists in hospital practice (see p 484)



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Welsh pharmacists react to Noel Hall plans

Totally and utterly unacceptable"—that was the reaction of Welsh pharmacists fter the circulation this week of the Noel Iall plans for Wales by the Welsh Hosital Board.

The plan, which is to be submitted to he Welsh Office for approval, includes taffing breakdowns for the areas. Basically hese are similar for each area—one area harmacist, one principal pharmacist and ix staff pharmacists together with a numer of pharmacists and technicians (no egional pharmacist is to be appointed).

The plan, if implemented, will lead to onsiderable loss of status and future prosects for the bulk of the hospital pharmaists in the area, it is being said in Wales.

In the South Glamorgan area (4,500 eds), for instance, there are at present two ategory 5 chiefs, one category 4 chief and

ne category 5 deputy chief.

If accepted by the Welsh Office, the Velsh Hospital Board propose to implenent the plan towards the end of 1973 nd beginning of 1974. However, the oppoition by the pharmacists affected is likely o be considerable.

One Welsh pharmacist expressed the iew "that the state of the plan is comletely and totally inaccurate and bears no elationship to the plan called for in HM

The organisation of hospital pharmacutical services up to and after 1974 were iscussed on April 10 between representaives of the Welsh Office, the Welsh Hos-

ital Board, the Guild of Hospital Pharnacists, the Pharmaceutical Society and ther parties, but the outcome of the meetng has not been disclosed. What is known, owever, is that although the £4.000 salary imit has been withdrawn for England, it as not been withdrawn for Wales.

Fight goes on against VAT on sanitary protection

'Just to say 'no' is pretty awful. We think he Chancellor should have at least given he point some consideration. We do not ake no for an answer.'

This was the comment of the National Consumer Protection Council following Mr Terence Higgins's (financial secretary) eply of "no" to a return question in the Commons on Tuesday when the Chancellor was asked whether he would take action to ensure that sanitary towels and toilet paper were zero-rated for VAT.

Mr Colin Mayover, a director of Portand Supply Co, who was one of those obbying MPs recently, commented: "Of course the Chancellor has advisers on these natters—among whom must be some emales. In their assessments they are completely wrong and have been unfair to women of this country."

Mr Mayover intends to continue the fight to free these items of VAT.

The NCPC told C&D on Wednesday that all the women MPs have been inundated recently with letters of protest

'More risk from vaccination than from smallpox'

The risk of dying from a complication of smallpox vaccination is now greater than the risk of dying from smallpox, said Professor George Dick, speaking at the Congress in Family Medicine, Westminster Hall, London, last week.

Chances of importation of smallpox are now very small, as a result of the successful WHO smallpox eradication programme, he maintained.

The acceptance rate for smallpox vaccination in Britain is about 40 per cent. Selective epidemiological control, ie isolation of eases and vaccination of contacts, is the best way to control the disease both in non-endemic and endemic countries, according to Professor Dick. Although suggesting that routine smallpox vaccination should be discontinued in non-endemic countries, Professor Dick claims it is still essential for travellers to endemic areas.

However, in the case of paralytic poliomyelitis, 100 per cent vaccination rates should be achieved. For every paralytic case of poliomyelitis there may be 200 to 1,000 subclinical cases, so there is a great

pool of poliovirus in many countries. Importation of virus could cause serious epidemics unless high rates of immunisation are maintained.

Professor Dick recommends that for rubella the present policy of selective immunisation should continue. Concerning BCG, he predicts that routine vaceination will cease in a few years but will still be important for those immigrants at high

Countering the possibility that gonorrhoea may eventually be cradicated by vaccination, Professor Dick thought this would be unsuitable as a method of control. Preferably, the use of male contraceptives should be encouraged, including their impregnation with antibacterial sub-

International campaign for free sale for the 'pill'

The International Planned Parenthood. plan to mount a campaign in all 79 member countries to make oral contraceptives available without a prescription. They envisage the distribution of oral contraceptives by the local health care personnel, eg a district midwife in Indonesia and a chemist in the UK, leaving the doctor to deal with the more difficult cases eg diabetic women. They hope to promote a sensible and practical debate on this subject in all countries of the world.

Hospital pharmacists claim 18% rise

Hospital pharmacists are claiming a salary increase of 17½ to 18 per cent. Salaries for pre-Noel Hall grades and allowances for group, teaching hospital, etc together with the new grades created under the Noel Hall plan are included in the claim which has been submitted by the staff side of the Pharmaceutical Whitley Council Committee "C".

Wearing a buttonhole of primroses, Mr Horatio Todd, OBE, JP, aged 92, accepts his Fellowship certificate from the president of the Pharmaceutical Society of Northern Ireland, Mr T. I. O'Rourke. His daughter, Miss M. C. Todd, MPSNI, looks on approvingly. Mr Todd still calls in at his pharmacy for a short time on most days.



LPC asked to help in health centre decision

Leeds Pharmaccutical Committee has been asked to help the local authority choose between three applicants for pharmacy premises in a health-centre precinct.

When the centre was at planning stage, the LPC insisted that the premises should be offered to the dispossessed local pharmacists, but the three concerned considered it would not be a viable proposition now as a consortium had decided to apply individually for the tenancy.

Mr M. Gordon told C&D that the LPC's health centre subcommittee was unhappy about the "choice" situation, but preferred it to the possible alternative of finding the tenancy granted to a stranger. The subcommittee had asked to be represented when the applicants were interviewed by the local authority—which must make the decision—to ensure that account was taken of its views.

In the case of another Leeds health centre, the subcommittee had managed to hold up the final plans while local pharmacists had agreed to form a consortium. Mr Gordon said the LPC was "looking forward to this great experiment" since it had been possible to see it right through from the planning stage.

However, the "rush" to get health

However, the "rush" to get health centre approvals in before the forthcoming local government changes had meant that another consortium had applied too late for premises in a third centre. The authority was not prepared to accept delay due to changing the plans.

Confusion alleged over 'Soldier Boy'

In the High Court Mr Justice Brightman directed on April 6 that Andre Phillipe Ltd, Gowan Avenue, Fulham, must not sell the "Soldier Boy Bubble Bath" pending the hearing of an application by Wright, Layman & Umney Ltd, Sanitas House, Stockwell Green, SW9 who are seeking to stop Andre Phillipe manufacturing or marketing bath products with a "get-up" so resembling the plaintiffs' bathproducts as to be likely to deceive or cause confusion.

Mr John Burrell, for Wright, Layman & Umney, said that they produced numerous toiletries, particularly products especially for children.

One was "Camberwick Green Children's Foam Bath", the "get-up" of which was based on puppet characters created by Gordon Murray and featured in a BBC Camberwick Green film series.

The company was licensed by Mr Murray to use the characters, which included little soldiers referred to as Soldier Boys, in connection with their products.

Recently there had appeared on the market the defendants' Soldier Boy Bubble

Bath in packaging so similar to their own that some chemists thought it was one of the plaintiffs' Camberwick Green series of products.

The defendant company had declined to give an undertaking not to use the packaging pending the hearing of the application. Mr John Monckton, for Andre Phillipe, said he hoped to have the company's evidence in reply to the allegations ready for the hearing on April 13.

Law suits withdrawn against US Association

Law suits filed against the Michigan Pharmaceutical Association and the American Pharmaceutical Association by Revco Discount Drug Centres and Arnold's Pharmacies have been dropped. The suits were filed in 1971 in a bid to block hearings by the APLA judicial board into complaints about soliciting prescription practice. As a result of the settlement, the complaints are withdrawn and all parties agree not to file further suits against each others in connection with these matters.

The agreement was reached to avoid long

and expensive litigation, and the partichave jointly stated:

"We believe that pharmacists, chai and independent, should be solidly united in their total efforts to serve the public's needs. We therefore support this settlement for the sake of furthering unity amonthal pharmacists and to focus our attention of serving the public and the pharmacy profession."

Committees' approval for new 'Linstead'

Only 15 of the 131 Local Pharmaceutica Committees have come out against Th NHS working party proposals put forwar by the Central Contractors Committee and the Pharmaceutical Society's Council (C&L February 24, p229).

That was reported to the Council' meeting last week when it was stated tha replies had been received from 110 of th LPC's.

Council recommended that a reminde of its views should be sent to the Nationa Pharmaceutical Union, the Company Chemists' Association Ltd, the Co-operativ Wholesale Society Ltd, the Central NH Committee and the Pharmaceutical General Council (Scotland). This is that each o the bodies should separately consider the changes necessary and desirable in the future general practice of pharmacy. When they had considered the matter joint meet ings would be held to discuss points o agreement and difference and at that stage a decision would be taken on whether the government should be asked to set up a Committee of Inquiry.

NPU say 'yes' to more overseas tours

Following a first successful nine-day trip to the USA and Canada, the National Pharmaceutical Union, the executive committee have approved the suggestion of similar trips.

On the first trip last month, 186 members and wives. Besides sightseeing, contact was made with the offices of the National Association of Retail Druggists in Washington, the American Pharmaceutical Association in New York and the Canadian Pharmaceutical Association in Toronto. Members also made private visits to pharmacies in various cities.

Mr Robert Anderson of the executive committee and his wife and several branch officials and their wives were among the party which was escorted by Mr W. A. G. Kneale, local organisations officer and his wife.



Britain's success in medicines R&D

The efficiency and success of innovation in new pharmaceutical products which originate in the UK has been on a high level similar to within the USA and efficiency in innovation may have been greater within the UK than in some European countries.

That is shown in a comprehensive report, on "Innovative activity in the pharmaceutical industry" just published by the Chemicals Economic Development Committee (Little Neddy).

The study, and its implications that the UK is an attractive location for pharmaceutical R & D. will provide the starting point for discussion at a conference, on May 3 on the pharmaceutical sector's R & D problems being organised by the Committee. The conference will be held at the Royal College of Physicians, London NW1. Comment p 483.

Military pharmacy discussed at Portsmouth

Aspects of civic, naval and army history were discussed at the weekend conference of the British Society for the History of Pharmacy, held at Portsmouth, April 6-8 when the theme was "Military and Naval Pharmacy and Medicine".

On Friday the members of the Society attended a reception arranged by the Portsmouth branch of the Pharmaceutical Society at the Guildhall, Portsmouth. Besides an exhibition of historical documents, members also saw some of the city's gold and silver plate.

During Saturday morning, Dr Sidney Selwyn gave a paper on "John Pringle" whose successive editions of his famous "Observations on the diseases of the Army" established him as the father of military medicine and contained the first scientific study of cross infection in hospitals. Pringle was probably the first to suggest the neutrality of hospitals during wartime, and his comments on antiseptic substances were sufficiently important for Dr Selwyn to suggest that "much time and energy would have been saved if many years later Lister had known of Pringle's Work".

In his paper "Gaol Fever and Naval Hospitals" Mr W. H. Boorman referred to the gathering of the Spanish and French fleet off Portsmouth in 1779, preparatory to attacking the South coast but "the mighty fleet was in deadly trouble—its enemy, the louse". Because of infection the fleet had to withdraw.

Mr Boorman also referred to an occurrence of gaol fever (typhus) in Winchester in 1779 and to the introduction of the use of "nitric acid gas" prepared in "pipkins" charged with a galle pot of salt pet and a galle pot of vitriol, by which the patients were "literally smoked in their beds".

A series of papers prepared by Dr M. P. Earles and Mr A. F. Prosser dealt with "Naval Therapy 1860-1960" and the development of the concept of the trained naval sick berth staff up to 1872 when an Order in Council was issued establishing the pharmaceutical qualification as a prerequisite for undertaking "dispensing" responsibilities in naval medical stores.

On Saturday afternoon, members visited Fishburn to see the Roman excavations. During the Annual General Meeting of the Society also held on Saturday, the president, Dr T. D. Whittet reported that the membership of the Society was being well maintained and that negotiations were in hand for a conference at Cambridge during 1974.

Vitamin C advert upsets Professor Pauling

A Nobel prizewinner who wishes to protect his independence may cause embarrassment to Chatfield Laboratories, Goswell Road, London EC1, manufacturers of Linus (Vitamin C powder).

The manufacturers have been using the name of Professor Linus Pauling in their advertising without his permission, according to his son Dr Peter Pauling, a chemistry lecturer at London University.

Linus has been on the market for two years, and last autumn Chatfield Laboratories started an intensive advertising campaign in the London underground. Advertisements illustrate a Linus container bearing the words "Professor L. Pauling, holder of the Nobel chemistry prize, recommends the following dosage scheme for good health and the avoidance of the common cold". Dr Peter Pauling sent a container to his father at Stanford University, and the professor was so disturbed that he

instructed his son to seek legal advice.

Dr Peter Pauling told C&D: "The mention of my father's name appears to suggest he is using Nobel prize status for commercial gain when he has no financial connection whatsoever with this company. We also feel that these advertisements may contravene the Trades Descriptions Act as they might imply that Professor Pauling is recommending Linus in preference to any other make of Vitamin C."

The company points out that the preparation had been marketed for two years without any complaint. The matter is at present in the hands of solicitors.

Pharmacists at opening of postgraduate centre

A postgraduate centre which will be available for study and recreation to all concerned with health, was opened in Tunbridge Wells on March 16 by Lord Aberdare, Minister of State at the Department of Health.

Mrs J. Cockerill, SRN, chairman of the Tunbridge Wells and Leybourne HMC presided over the ceremony, and the invited audience included pharmacists as well as doctors, dentists, veterinary surgeons, and nurses. The Tunbridge Wells Branch of the Pharmaceutical Society was represented by Mr M. H. Munro, MPS, chairman of the Branch and Mr J. O. Davidson, FPS, who has been appointed the branch's representative on the council of the centre.

Enzyme possibilities?

A new role for enzymes in therapeutics is the possible result of a research probe by scientists at the Battelle Institute, Frankfurt, West Germany. They are trying to modify the enzymes chemically to improve their stability. Further chemical modifications could reduce their antigenicity, so making it possible to produce drugs of high specificity, eg, they could be designed to digest deposits blocking blood vessels.

Dr T. D. Whittet, president of the British Society of the History of Pharmacy, and Miss C. I. D. Johnson, chairman of the Portsmouth Branch, Pharmaceutical Society at the Guildhall reception during the weekend conference (see left).



Company News

Glaxo half-time disappoints

For the six months to December 31, pretax profits of Glaxo Holdings amounted to £12.65m compared with £12.39m, struck after substantially higher interest of £2.25m (£150.000). Sales were £96m against £87.1.

The interim dividend is 5.6 per cent net, equal to 8 per cent gross, the same amount as paid by the former Glaxo Group in 1971-72. The total in that year prior to the scheme of arrangement which became effective in May 1972, was 20 per cent.

Financial experts state that the market was looking for profit growth around 25 per cent. In fact the results given are much less.

Better year for Wilkinson Sword

Profits from the consumer products division of Wilkinson Sword Ltd for last year were £1.8m compared with £1.5m—an increase of 17 per cent.

About their aerosol shave soap the chairman says that business is expanding and an after shave is at present on limited test in one area of the UK. These products form the basis of a range of men's toiletries which will be extended.

Group profit for the year before taxation was £2.4m, a rise of nearly 19 per cent over 1971. Turnover increased from £24.3m to £25.2m.

Rockware investment is "long term"

Slater, Walker companies who have purchased 25 per cent of the issued share capital of the Rockware Group Ltd in the recent months have given "categorical assurances that they now regard these investments as long term".

Mr Peter Parker, chairman of Rockware says: "This may be taken as a sign of confidence in Rockware and the way it is rationalising and developing its assets for a progressively successful future."

Planned profits

At the annual meeting of Norcros Ltd in London this week the chairman, Mr John Sheffield, said: "We have planned to increase profits in 1973 by 20 per cent and figures for the first four months ended March show sales 30 per cent higher than the corresponding period last year with profit margins slightly over 10 per cent of sales".

Intal kidney query

Fisons are now discussing with the US Food and Drugs Administration the word-

ing on the label of Intal which they hope to market in America later this year. In the testing of the drug in America, slight kidney lesions were found in one strain of monkeys administered very high doses of the drug and the FDA are proposing that a "kidney warning" be put on the label. Fisons are arguing that it is not necessary. They hope to market the drug in September.

Briefly

Vestric Ltd introduce a "high-speed service to Coventry and towns in east Warwickshire", from Bishop Street, Coventry, on April 16. The manager is Mr Desmond Longstaff.

J. H. Weston & Son, chemists, have moved to 21 High Street, Runcorn, Ches WA7 1AP, from 62 Bridgewater Street.

R. Weston (Chemists) Ltd have acquired A. L. Parker (Chemists) Ltd. 19 High Street, Portishead, and G. Haydn Thomas Ltd, 429 Wells Road, Knowle, Bristol.

Cleverly (Chemists) Ltd: From April 16 the head office and warehouse will be at Staverton Airport, Cheltenham, Glos GL51 6TQ (telephone Churchdown 713366).

Antibiotics & Vitamins Ltd have changed their name to Vitabiotics Ltd and have a new address: 1 Beresford Avenue, Wembley, Middlesex.

Harold Mitchell & Co Ltd have opened their new warehouse at Boucher Road, Belfast BT12 6QS (telephone Belfast 662221).

Westminster report

Regulations for securing pharmacies "after Easter"

"Soon after Easter" was the reply from Mr David Lane, Under Secretary, when Miss J. Quennell asked the Home Secretary when he expected to be able to announce new regulations for securing premises, "such as chemists' shops and chemists' wholesalers, from which dangerous drugs are stolen".

☐ The Misuse of Drugs Act 1971 (Modification) Order 1973, was approved by the House of Commons on April 4 and the Lords on April 5. The draft was laid before both Houses on March 21 and the

order affects the scheduling of codeins dihydrocodeine, ethylmorphine, norcodeins pholcodeine, fencamfamin, pempoline phentermine, prolintane, drotebanol an propiram.

Family planning in Scotland

Mr Robert Hughes asked the Secretary fo Scotland to make a statement on the futur development of family planning service in Scotland.

Mr H. Monro, Under Secretary, replied that from April 1974 family planning will become a normal part of the health services, with advice and treatment provided without charge. Contraceptives will, like other drugs and appliances, be supplied as appropriate under the NHS. The standard prescription charge will be pair for each item supplied and the usual exemptions from charges will also apply. The overall effect of the changes is likely to be a substantial expansion of the services provided in Scotland as a whole said Mr Monro.

When asked if he would allow area health boards which already provide free comprehensive family planning to continue. Mr Monro replied, "If we are to go on to the NHS for the whole of Scotland it would be unreasonable to continue local authority services, or something equivalent to them, because they will cease next April."

Professions and the EEC

In the House of Lords on Tuesday Lord Aberdare said there was no question of Britain being obliged by the EEC Commission to adopt directives on the professions which were not acceptable to the UK. The aim was to achieve a "profession by profession" approach and at the moment the only draft directive under active discussion was that relating to pharmacists.

Entertaining doctors: investigation

Sir Keith Joseph said he was making further inquiries into the practice involving the promotion of pharmaceutical preparations by the provision of free lunches, dinners and drinks to doctors by drug companies at gatherings held in NHS hospitals. He said in 1972 there were 30 occasions in the Central Middlesex group in which 28 pharmaceutical manufacturers were involved. The cost of such promotions was not separately accounted for in the voluntary Price Regulation scheme returns.

Warfarin against squirrels

The House of Lords approved the Draft Grey Squirrels (Warfarin) Order 1973 on April 5. The purpose of the order is to allow warfarin to be used against grey squirrels in a specified concentration in a specified bait in England and Wales. The use of warfarin out of doors in 16 counties will not be permitted because of endangering red squirrels. The draft order was laid before the House on March 21.

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People

Topical reflections

BY XRAYSER

Mr J. A. Mackenzie who officially retires in May as managing director of the UK company of RP Scherer Ltd has accepted an invitation of Mr Robert Scherer (Jnr) to become chairman of the company "as a token of esteem for the fine work he has

done for the company."

Mr Mackenzie joined R. P. Scherer, Ontario, Canada, in 1946. He returned to the UK as sales director, was appointed general manager in 1948 and, in 1953, was appointed managing director.

Mr T. P. Williams, chemist representative, Reckitt & Colman's Pharmaceutical Division, Hull, was one of the two UK judges in the Eurovision song contest held in Luxembourg on April 7.

Appointments

Bristol-Myers Company Ltd: Mr G. Higgins, for the past two years field sales manager of the Clairol salon division, has become group sales training manager; Mr G. Searle is promoted to field sales manager, salon division; and Mr Bill Mallinson is to undertake a special three month assignment at the company's headquarters to take over as sales operations manager for both Clairol consumer and salon divisions.

Revion International: Mr Charles J. Scanlan as general manager of the British branch in succession to Mr Paul M. Hughes, who is the newly-appointed managing director of the Japanese branch. Mr Scanlan was previously director of sales of the British branch.

Ciba-Geigy (UK) Ltd have appointed Mr Tom Deas as distribution executive of consumer products business. Mr Deas who will operate from Macclesfield, Cheshire, was previously customer service manager for llford Ltd, a subsidiary of Ciba-Geigy.

R. P. Scherer Ltd: The following appointments have been made: Mr R. J. Collins as managing director; Mr S. R. Maconochie, MPS, to sales manager; Mr A. W. Davey to sales executive; Mr Derek Fletcher to technical representative; Mr K. W. McVitty, FPS, to the board; and Mr R. W. Vale has also been appointed to the board.

Remington: Mr J. Maguire has been appointed salesman to the Southern region of Remington electric shaver division, Sperry Rand Ltd.

First week

THE first week of VAT has passed with, so far as I have been concerned, very little public reaction. As for ourselves, we have been heavily engaged in an attempt to re-price the myriad articles which go to make the stock of the present-day pharmacy and, despite the help of the Price List and sundry lists from manufacturers, it has been a tedious and seemingly worthless exercise.

The fractions up and the fractions down have made very little difference overall and the public has been stoical in the matter. It has become increasingly obvious with the "sales" technique and the gimmick offers that no-one knows the price of anything—neither consumer nor supplier. It seems pointless to alter the price of a toothpaste by a penny or two, only to find that a store along the street is in a temporary state of 7p off and the supermarket is generously offering two for the price of one.

But we go on with our task of trying to provide an honest service, knowing full well that some articles have come down fractionally, some have risen fractionally, and some are unchanged. And the public, so bemused with special offers, changing rates of purchase tax, and other factors, is suffering from mental confusion. Admittedly, there is a marked difference in the price of colour television, but true comparison is difficult for it will be some little time before one buys another.

Experience will show whether the abolition of purchase tax, which was easily controlled from a comparatively limited number of outlets, was simpler and more accurate than VAT which necessitates a vast amount of supervision and control by Government departments. But I have to recant a statement I was rash enough to make a little over thirty years ago. I then forecast that purchase tax, introduced as a temporary expedient to control supply and raise revenue during wartime, would be with us for all time. I was wrong. It has been abolished and replaced by something which is, for the time being, beyond my comprehension.

Unpaid

One of the much-heralded advantages of the new system lies in the fact that zero-rating is stated to ensure that tax paid does not lie on the shelves until the goods have been sold. Much, of course, will depend on the celerity with which claims are met, and I do not envy the customs and Excise their task in trying to check returns and verify claims.

Nor do I look forward to the making of the necessary returns at stipulated intervals. A great deal of the work involved has a look of what I once heard a street-corner politician describe as "riddling water." I have read the reports this past week of the smooth-working of the new system, and there is an air of deceptive simplicity at the moment which will pass when the first returns have to be made.

The cost of collecting the tax has yet to be measured, for it must be paid for somewhere along the line. Increasing unproductive work is costly, and we are now clerical civil servants (unpaid).

News in brief

"Absolute one-step photography" is the title of the lecture that Dr E. Land will give to the Royal Photographic Society at Institution of Electrical Engineers on May 18. Tickets 50p to non-members after May 1.

☐ The Department of Trade and Industry is considering an application for the imposition of anti-dumping duties on imports of dimethylformamide from Canada and the USA. Representations by interested parties should be submitted in writing, not later than April 25 to the Tariff Division, Department of Trade and Industry, Room 326 Kingsgate House, 66 Victoria Street. London SW1E 6SH.

Advertiser's Announcement

LILIA-WHITE will advertise in 28 national women's magazines this year—mostly in full colour

LILIA-WHITE advertisements will appear more than 360 times — at least one every selling day — in 1973

13 MILLION women use sanitary protection products 50 days a year on average

LILIA-WHITE offer a complete range to meet every woman's need



LILIA-WHITE will help your sales and profits this year.
This is how

Lilia-White support your 1973 sales

Can you be this confident every day of the month? You must have noticed how some women are never slowed down by their periods. They go about their work and play as if nothing had happened. Don't envy them. Rather follow their

example They use one of the Dr White's range

They use our towels because they're the best-proven method of samitary protection known.

They use our towels because we make the softest and securest you can

And they use our towels because they know that only Dr. White's offers you a choice to suit your particular need It's easy to be confident. When you

put your trust in Dr. White's.



Most women trust Dr.White's for their sanitary protection.

Lilia-White, foremost company in the feminine hygiene products market, have a lot going for the chemist in 1973.

From the company that has consistently led the sanitary protection market for more than 80 years, the chemist has come to expect innovation:

innovation in product development

innovation in marketing and promotion

innovation in consumer advertising techniques

This year Lilia-White are producing more promotional effort, more money, and above all, more ingenuity than ever before to help you, the chemist, increase your sanitary protection sales.

This year, and from now on this is doubly vital, for with the introduction of VAT sanitary protection products must for the first time, bear a form of purchase tax payable by the consumers.

Lilia-White offers the complete range of external and internal sanitary protection for every woman-and all their products have been designed and manufactured to the high standards that customers have come to expect from Lilia-White.

In these days when stock rationalisation can mean great savings for the chemist, Lilia-White offer a comprehensive service on towels, tampons, baby products and paper products.

Towel range promotion

For the first time, all brands in the Lilia-White range of external sanitary protection products -Dr White's, Lilia, Panty Pads, Carefree, Koronet and Fastidia—are appearing in a national advertising campaign.

And to emphasise the comprehensiveness of the range—a feature which distinguishes Lilia-White from its competitors-and its ability to meet the requirements of all women of all age groups, there will be a "campaign within a campaign"

aimed at the teenage marketfor the fast-selling Panty Pads.

The 1973 campaign will cost more than £250,000 and will reach a complete cross section of the market alternatively promoting the range and individual products.

These magazines are Woman, Woman's Own, Woman's Realm, Family Circle, Living, Mother, My Weekly, Annabel, She and Cosmopolitan.

Illustrated are two of the advertisements.

Panty Pads grow fast

Panty Pads were launched in August last year and have rapidly established themselves as a brand with widespread consumer appeal.

As well as featuring in the range campaign Panty Pads will have its own advertising campaign which relates the brand to real life users, including a young 17-year-old model, a dancer, a girl running an antique shop in Camden and a travel courier. Heavily accentuated to the teenage market, the campaign features a total of 50 full colour advertisements, in Jackie, Fab 208, Melanie, Valentine, Honey, 19, Look

Backed up with a heavy sampling programme, this campaign will ensure that younger women who prefer to buy their sanitary protection in chemists will be asking for Panty Pads in your store this year.

"Top models have to be top models. Even when they're having periods."



You really only inGalloway.
She'll be the first to admit that she's
not a top model yet. Far from it.
Jill is 17, fresh out of school and
working hard to become the next famous
face on the magazine covers.
But she's learned that it's certainly

answer. They're almost invisible.
None of those old-fashioned helts and loops and pins and what not.
"They're terribly simple to wear.
They've got an adhesive strip and you wear them inside your own panties.
Preferably those stretch ones."
We asked Jill if she ever had any





any clothes I like. Tight trousers, Flot

pants. Anything.
"And the wonderful thing is I'm
always sure that I'm safe. Especially
during long photo-sessions, and those
long waits for magazine and advertising
art directors who want to see my photos
and are always busy.



n Dr. White's Panty Pads.



Lil-lets new shape makes it easier to change to tampons.



A surrous a lattle gal and more and source of the surrous sense fell some that tange in selection for the selection of the surrous perfect in the selection of the surrous selection of the selection of the surrous selection of the selection of t

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So making cell all about fackage and salour this mad thing full foreign the made in a that offices out three abouts much Youll per babls and Regular is the bottomet cours with though our girls find thosy professions and the three Super Plus for girls with a construction of the profession of the of prof

No between decide that tampons aren? for you to, the one that was specially designed with you in mind. A sure a super fronce

The round end tampon that expands widthways

Lil-lets re-launched n a growing market

thieved a sales increase of 10 cer cent through chemist outts, thereby further consolidating their position as the fastest rowing tampon brand in the nited Kingdom with a 39 per cent share of the tampon maret in Chemists—the third larest sanitary protection brand.

ew shape

pringboard of the operation a significant performance inprovement to the product which now has a round-end mape as opposed to the preious flat-tipped design.

In a national survey it was bund that some 70 per cent of impon users preferred newnape Lil-lets—because they were softer and more comfortble than their former brand!

ew name

il-lets tampons are today a najor international brand and nder varying trademarks can e found on chemists' shelves a more than 100 countries.

The international nature of the product has been recognised in packing terms by the addition of the brand name "o.b.".

These two letters, the initials

of the German words "Ohnc Binde" meaning "without towels", are the most frequently found trademark for the product, occurring in countries as far apart as Finland, Iran, Thailand and Venezuela.

New pack

Designed with chemists' shelves and counters in mind, the new "Lil-lets o.b." pack has more impact and display value, with a soft pale blue colour that is less clinical and more feminine than earlier designs and competitive packs. There are new colour identification stripes of yellow, pink and green for all three absorbencies, which continue to be available in packs of 10 and 20.

New advertising

Backing the introduction of new shape Lil-lets is the biggest-ever advertising campaign for the brand, over 40 per cent up on last year's record expenditure.

The campaign began last month and continues until December with a massive total of more than 250 full colour advertisements including 14 double pages and over 130 whole pages.

Strongly slanted to the younger consumer, the campaign features no less than 206 insertions in teenage magazines: Fabulous, Valentine, Mirabelle, Jackie, Loving, Melanie, Petticoat, Romeo, Popswop, Pink, Honey, 19, and Look Now.

Reaching more mature consumers will be nearly 50 advertisements spread between Woman, Woman's Own, Cosmopolitan, My Story, Nova and She, plus True Magazine and True Romances.

The first two of an eventual series of 10 advertisements are now appearing. With the theme "Lil-lets new shape makes it easier to change tampons" the powerful visual features a group of six bikini-clad girls on a Mediterranean sea shore (see above). The second, "Lil-lets new shape tampon is designed to make life easier for you", pictures a series of appealing leisure-time situations.



Advertiser's Announcement

Explaining the Lilia-White

range

your customers to know a little about the difference between the brands comprising the Lilia-White range of sanitary protection products.

Dr White's

This is Britain's biggest selling and most trusted brand used by more than half of the women regularly using sanitary towels. It offers reliability, super absorbency and comfort.

Carefree

Carefree incorporates new technological advances with the added benefit of flushability.

The leading brand of soluble towels, out-selling its nearest rival by more than 3 to 1, and second only to Dr White's.

Panty Pads

Specially designed to be worn securely inside women's own panties by means of a full length adhesive strip, withoutloops Panty Pads are flushable,



non-bulky, as safe as a towel and as invisible as a tampon.

Fastidia Mini Pads

This discreet product, introduced by Lilia-White last year, offers month-round protection against day-to-day non-menstrual discharges. With a plastic

backing and needing no belts or pins, Fastidia Mini Pads are completely flushable. They offer you new sales opportunities.

Lil-lets

This is the leading non-applicator tampon brand in Britain, It is available in three absorbencies—super plus being the most absorbent tampon on the

Lil-lets give perfect protection because they expand widthways and now have a specially designed round tip for easier insertion.



Golden Babe products

At present only 10 per cent of nappy changes in Britain are in disposable nappies compared to 50 per cent in Europe and 90 per cent in Scandinavia. This makes nappies one of the bigbest market potentials of the UK disposable products business.

The disposable nappy sector of the UK market is estimated to be worth between £3 million and £4 million at r.s.p. It could possibly be nearer £50 million if trends in Europe and Scandinavia are any indication.

Indeed, the market is beginning to show signs of expansion as young mothers increasingly accept disposable nappies and start buying them before the baby arrives.

Lilia-White, with their range of Golden Babe products keeps constantly up with the market by conducting sampling operations in ante and post natal elinics through its own Clinic

Liaison Force, coupled with a promotion of the products through free sampling.

The Golden Babe brand of disposable nappies has been on the market since the late 1950's and is the brand leader in the shaped diaper market. Its unique shape is designed for baby's extra comfort and can be used equally successfully with boys and girls. It looks neater, is not bulky between the legs, particularly when worn with a Snuggi Pocketed pant. The nappy itself has a net covering which prevents it from disintegrating when wet and makes it easier for the mother to handle in disposal afterwards.

Disposal instructions on the Golden Babe pack advise the nappy should be torn and flushed away separately or alternatively burnt or put in a sealed bag for disposal in the normal way.

New products and packs

Cosmetics and toiletries Whipped Creme additions

The Whipped Creme range from Max Factor has been extended to include Whipped Creme Cheek Colour (£0.65) and Whipped Creme Nail Colour (£0.45) together with frosted shades of Whipped Creme make-up and two new Whipped Creme lipsticks.

The Cheek Colour is a creamy-textured blusher available in three iridescent shades, Amber Frost, Rose Frost and Tawny Frost plus one glossy shade, Peach

Blush, presented in glass pots topped with a pale blue cap.

The Nail Colour is a collection of 16 new nail polishes: eight creams and eight frosts. The colours, say Max Factor, have been created to harmonise with the Whipped Creme lipsticks and are presented in round bottles with a tortoise-shell toned

cap with gold decoration.

The new frosted shades of Whipped Creme make-up are Moisturised Cafe Frost and Moisturised Bronze Frost in frosted glass jars with the gold-decorated blue top. Two iridescent pink shades have been added to the Whipped Creme lipsticks range: Sugar Pink Frost and Wine Frost (Max Factor Ltd, 16 Old Bond Street, London W1X 4BP).

Stack Packs combination

Bonne Bell have introduced Stack Packs which are individual pots (£0.65) that screw together to make one compact unit including three different products: Eye Cover Cream, Lip Glazers available in three colours and Velvetones compressed eye shadow available in four colours. Stack Packs are sold separately so that the purchaser can make her own combination.

Also from Bonne Bell is a lipstick/lip gloss combination called Lip Service (£1·10). Each of the Hot 'n Earthy lipstick shades has a companion lip gloss that screws on to the lipstick bottom. Six Earth Tones are available, ranging from a neutral flesh to a "plummy" brown and three Hot Tones in bright shades (Bonne Bell Cosmetics Ltd, York House, Empire Way, Wembley, Middlesex).

Sun Care Specifics

A new range of treatment tanning products from Elizabeth Arden called Sun Care Specifics provides protection for different skin types and needs. For a golden tan there is sun tan cream (£1·20) and sun tan lotion (£1·20) which can also be used as a protective moisturiser under makeup. For a rich, dark tan the company has introduced a newly-formulated version of Sun Gelee which is now said to be lighter and non-greasy. Sun Gelee is available in two shades Cafe and Honey and in a choice of



two sizes (£0.75, £1.20).

For sensitive skins Elizabeth Arden have a reformulated version of their Sunpruf Cream in two shades, natural and dark (£1·20). Sun Shield stick (£0·75) is for ultra-sensitive areas like nose, knees, ears and decollete and After Sun lotion (£1·20) is described as a rich body balm for the whole body.

Sun Care Specifics are presented in bright orange lightweight bottles and tubes (Elizabeth Arden Ltd, 20 New Bond Street, London W1A 2AE).

Creighton's skin aids

Creighton have introduced moisture cream with extract of cactus (30g tube £0.42, 90g jar £1.25) which is a light textured cream said to contain pure extract of Cereus cactus. A richer moisturiser from Creighton is their moisturising cream with Honegar (30g tube £0.42, 90g jar £1.20). Honegar is a blend of Martlet Cider vinegar and unpasteurised honey said to provide a "virtually all-purpose cream which is an ideal base for foundations".

Their new Apricot oil (45cc bottle £1.00) and Apricot nourishing cream (45g jar 83p) contains "pure Apricot oil" which Creighton say is an effective aid in the prevention of wrinkles (Creighton Laboratories Ltd, Water Lane, Storrington, Pulborough, Sussex).

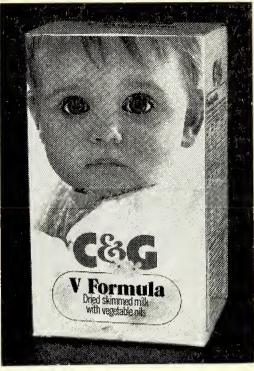
Now Agua Citra

Christopher Collins of Goya has created Aqua Citra, a fresh lemon-like fragrance, which is meant to compliment the existing Aqua Manda range. The Aqua Citra products comprise talc (£0·31), foam bath with added water softener (£0·42 bottle, £0·07 $\frac{1}{2}$ sachet), bath oils (£0·49, sachet £0·7 $\frac{1}{2}$) and oatmeal beauty soap (£0·14). All the products are packed in lemonyellow packs and cartons that echo the Aqua Manda design (D. R. Collins Ltd, Badminton Court, Amersham, Bucks).

Babycare

Vegetable-based milk food

Cow & Gate have launched a milk food for babies, C&G V Formula (£0.39),



which is a spray dried powder prepared from skimmed milk, lactose and vegetable oils. In the new formula the content of protein, fat and carbohydrate is adjusted to that of breast milk so it contains 1.8 per cent protein, 3.1 per cent fat and 7 per cent carbohydrate. The latter is in the form of lactose only so no sugar should be added when the feed is made up. The formula is fortified with the recommended level of vitamins and minerals.

The new food, said a Cow & Gate spokesman, is being introduced to provide an alternative to the other Cow & Gate milks for those paediatricians who prefer a vegetable oil formula and is packed in 16 oz cartons printed with full mixing instructions and feeding tables (Cow & Gate Baby Foods, Guildford, Surrey).

Electrical

Philips newcomers

Four new additions from Philips include two electric hair-curler sets plus new de luxe and standard sun lamps. There is also a restyled Ladyshave in new colours of ivory and chocolate, presented in a cream coloured case fitted with an amber seethrough top with gold lettering.

The electric hair-curler sets are HL 4505 Double 8, designed to fit into an overnight case, and which has 16 rollers of which any eight can be heated at one time. The heated rods are of uniform size, allowing any combination of the three roller sizes to be selected and heated (£7.39). The new HL 4506 14 Roller Set (£8.32) is a smaller version of Philips existing HP 4404 18 roller model, comprising 14 simultaneously heated rollers, with separate storage space within the case for clips, which are provided. As with the Double 8 set, the heated rod size is standard, allowing any combination of rollers to be used. The heating of the rods is thermostatically controlled and they claim it takes only ten minutes to heat the rollers to the correct temperature. Both sets are presented in two-tone blue cases with a smokey grey transparent lid.

Both of the Philips new standard (£13·89) and de luxe (£17·62) sun lamps are ultra-violet with switchable infra-red, allowing a choice of ultra-violet and infra-

red, or infra-red only. The de luxe model, with on/off switch, includes a timer and audible warning to ensure accurate exposure times.

The lamps are finished in black and brushed aluminium with contrasting blue trim. The biggest attraction of the new lamps, say Philips. lies in their improved effective treatment time, now cut by 75 per cent from 20 minutes to 5 minutes (Philips Electrical Ltd, Century House, London WC2).

Prescription specialities

KAODENE

Manufacturer Crookes Laboratories Ltd, Basingstoke, Hants

Description Off-white aqueous suspension with odour and flavour of aniseed. Each 10ml contains codeine phosphate 10mg and light kaolin 3g

Indications Diarrhoea

Dosage Adults and children over 12 years: 20ml three or four times daily. Children 5 to 12 years: 10ml three or four times daily **Side effects** Those associated with codeine phosphate

Storage At 5°C to 20°C

Packs 250ml (£0.45 trade, exclusive of VAT)

Supply restrictions PI Issued April 1973

NYSTAN vaginal cream

Manufacturer E. R. Squibb & Sons Ltd, Regal House, Twickenham, Middlesex Description Pale buff cream containing 100,000 units nystatin per 4g application Indications Treatment of candidal vaginitis Method of use Insert one or two 4g applications high into the vagina for 14 consecutive days or longer, regardless of any intervening menstrual period. Re-infection from the candidal content of the intestinal tract may be prevented by concomitant therapy with oral nystatin

Side effects Some transient local discomfort may be experienced

Storage: Store at room temperature. Avoid freezing. Shelf life 2 years

Dispensing diluent Should not be diluted **Packs** 60g tube with applicator (£1·23 trade, exclusive of VAT)

Supply restrictions P1, TSA Issued April 1973

Gentamicin injection

Nicholas Laboratories Ltd, 225 Bath Road, Slough, Bucks, are making gentamicin injection BP (Genticin) available in unit dose snap-off ampoules. Each contains 80mg per 2ml gentamicin base as the sulphate (25, £28.82½ trade).

Multidose vials containing 80mg per 2ml will continue to be available when required, but it is now generally recognised that the standard dosage for adults weighing more than 60kg and having normal renal function is 80mg 8 hourly for all systemic infections including those involving the urinary tract.

Ampoules and multidose vials are now also available in trays of 5 units per tray.

Trade News

New Mum refill size

Bristol-Myers, Stamford House, Langley, Slough SL3 6EB have introduced a new 42cc Economy size refill for their Mum Rollette deodorant. The 42cc refill will be available in each of the three fragrances as well as the unperfumed. Refills will be packed in dozens of a single fragrance.

300 at Unichem meeting

More than three hundred retail pharmacists are now linked to Unichem's stock recording system, launched nationally six months ago.

Introductory meetings for the system have been held throughout the areas served by Unichem. The latest was in Birmingham, when an audience heard Mr Norman Sampson, a non-executive director of Unichem, explain the value of the system to the business of a retail pharmacist.

Also present at the Birmingham meeting were Mr Geoffrey White, Unichem's marketing director and Mr John Speller, general sales manager.

Hydergine warning

Sandoz Ltd, point out that Hydergine 1.5 mg tablets are new and are introduced for the treatment of cerebrovascular insufficiency and that Hydergine sublingual tablets (0.250mg) should not be dispensed for this indication and as a result have been discontinued. Entire packs may be returned to the wholesaler for full credit until May 4.

New look for Twice as Lasting

Roja Ltd, 18 Bruton Street, London W1A 1BX have redesigned their Twice as Lasting hairset packaging. The new label carries a double-two motif which already appears on Quick Set's acrosol, latest addition to their range.

There is also a change in the product name of Twice as Lasting hairset with colour to Twice as Lasting Colour Set. No changes have been made in the shade names. All the hairset bottles sport newstyle tall cylindrical shaped caps in silver for plain hairset and blue-purple for Colour Set.

New distributor

On April 1, Mennen took over the UK distribution of the principal Novara skin products and Bu-todebilatory, manufactured by Biometica, Boreham Wood, Herts. Novara skin care products selected for distribution with the Mennen range are Novara Oil of Youth, and Novara Cleanser. Further details are available from Mennen salesmen or Mennen (UK) Ltd, Station Road, Marlow, Bucks.

Recital shade changes

L'Oreal, 18 Bruton Street, London W1A 1BX, have made three shade changes in their Recital colourant range: Golden



Sable will be replaced with Bermuda (light golden brown); Bergen (ash pearl) is discontinued and St Tropez (light golden blonde) is a new addition to the range.

Holiday closings

Pharmax Ltd, Bourne Road, Bexley, from 5 pm, April 19, until 9 am, April 24. Urgent supplies can be obtained from John Bell & Croyden, 50 Wigmore Street, London W1 (telephone 01-935 5555).

Merck Sharp & Dohme Ltd, Hertford Road, Hoddesdon, Herts, from 5 pm April 19, to 9 am, April 24. Urgent supplies from John Bell & Croyden, Wigmore Street, London W1.

Ciba Laboratories, Horsham, Sussex, 5.30 pm, April 19 until 9 am, April 25.

Beecham Ethical Distributors, Great West Road, Brentford, Middlesex; offices will be closed from 5.15 pm, April 19, until 9.00 am, April 24. The BED telephone answering service (telephone 01-560 2876) may be used during the holiday period. Urgent supplies from John Bell and Croyden. 50 Wigmore Street, London W1.

Bonus offers

L'Oreal Ltd, 18 Bruton Street, London W1A 1BX. Recital colourant or lightener. 13 invoiced as 12 until May 11.

Mennen (UK) Ltd. Station Road, Marlow, Bucks, Bu-to hair removing cream and lotion. 12 invoiced as 11. Novara nourishing moisturiser and moisturising cleanser. 12 invoiced as 11.

Wilkinson Sword Ltd, Sword Works, Southfield Road, London W4. Wilkinson Sword double-edge razor blades pillarpack, 15p voucher. Double-edge razor blades swordpack, 30p voucher. Redeemable until July 31.

Promotions

Wella for Men motor racing 'scoop'

Wella are to sponsor a new Formula Ford motor racing championship to promote their Wella for Men range—and have obtained a "scoop" by getting actor Jon Finch to race in their own colours.

The Wella for Men Formula Ford Championship will be organised by the B.A.R.C. and is designed to encourage young British drivers. It will comprise 16 rounds at eight major British circuits and offers prize money totalling £1,800.

The Champion will receive £200, the Wella for Men Trophy plus a specially commissioned oil-painting of the winner in action.

Mr Peter Batten, Wella GB general sales manager, says that involvement with motor racing will allow the company to "appeal directly to an audience which is influential in shaping today's fast moving, fashion-conscious world". Formula Ford was chosen because it was felt that there are enough sponsors at the top end of the sport already. "If Britain is to remain the hub of international motor sport, we must not neglect the junior formulae, from which the stars of tomorrow will come".

Wella have at the same time announced the formation of their own team, racing in Formula Ford with one of the screen's



Jon Finch pictured as William Lamb in his recent film, "Lady Caroline Lamb".

fastest rising young stars Jon Finch, and his brother Roger.

Jon has won wide acclaim for his performance in Polanski's "Macbeth" followed by Alfred Hitchcock's "Frenzy". More recently he made great impact as William Lamb in "Lady Caroline Lamb", and was voted the most promising young film actor of 1972 by the Variety Club of Great

For several years Jon has been a keen

motor racing enthusiast. He has high hopes for 1973 in the shape of the Raider KG MK1, designed by Ken Graham who, after being involved with the construction and design of 2-litre sports cars over the past few years, has built a car to his own design which will race in the distinctive silver and black livery of the Wella for Men team.

Leading the championship after two rounds is Peter Harrington in his Cougar Scholar 73F. The next round is at Brands Hatch on May 20 (Wella (GB) Ltd, Wella Road, Basingstoke, Hants).

Sandrine display competition

L'Oreal, UK distributors of Sandrine by Cheramy of Paris, are currently running a display competition to promote the fragrance as an Easter-time gift. The object of the competition is to find the best Sandrine display and to qualify retailers must show the display for at least two weeks. A prize of £100 will be awarded to the best national display, national second prize is £75 and four area prizes of £60 will also be awarded.

A Sandrine Press campaign runs until July featuring full colour pages in Vogue, Cosmopolitan, 19 and Nova (L'Oreal Ltd, 18 Bruton Street, London W1A 1BX).

Cyclax offers

From April 15 Cyclax Ltd are offering two Confidence roll-on anti-perspirant deodorants for 95p. Also from April 15 their Joie de Vivre spray Cologne will be on offer for 99p instead of £1.57. Joie de Vivre Ocean body moisturiser and Ocean bath gel are offered for £1.35 when bought as "bath twins" instead of £2.00. And Cyclax are making available two Neojuven special offers in kit form: special skin care collection with three products from the Neojuven collection for £3.75 and daytime skin care collection with three more Neojuven products, also for £3.75. All these special offers are on limited offer only (Cyclax Ltd, 65 South Molton Street, London W1Y 2BS).

Gillette cut price

A Spring promotion by Gillette Industries cuts the price of G11 shaving system to £0.99 and the Techmatic to £0.95.

Gillette is backing the price cuts with a £200,000 TV advertising campaign with 30- and 15-second flashes scheduled for April. May and June. Additional support will be provided with strong merchandising material, plus trade bonuses (Gillette Industries Ltd. Great West Road, Isleworth, Middlesex).

Protein 21 competition

Mennen (UK) Ltd, makers of Protein 21 shampoo, have launched a display competition for the retail chemist trade. Mennen salesmen are now distributing entry forms and display material.

Showcards and merchandisers feature Jane Seymour, and she also appears in Protein 21's current TV and Press advertising campaign.

Prizes in the competition include: 1st Prize: Caribbean cruise for two value £550, 2nd Prizes: 9 holidays for two in Majorca, 3rd Prizes: 21 cassette tape recorders. plus runner-up prizes. (Mennen (UK) Ltd, Marlow, Bucks SL7 1NG).



The Max Factor merchandising unit showing the new Whipped Creme Nail Colour and Cheek Colour products plus the new additions to the existing lipstick and make-up ranges.

K-C promote free film

Kimberly-Clark are launching a two-part promotion designed to cash in on the holiday snapshot craze, and, at the same time, produce a high level of demand for Kleenex tissues throughout the summer.

Besides offering a free colour film in a size of the customer's choice with every pack of Kleenex for Men, Kleenex Carnaby and Kleenex soft white tissues, consumers sending in the free colour film voucher will also receive a 5p coupon redeemable against the customer's next purchase of Kleenex tissues.

A spokesman for K-C said: "There is no obligation to chemists to buy this pack: the normal pack without this offer is available" (Kimberly-Clark Ltd, Larkfield, nr Maidstone, Kent).

Consumer offer

A Recital shampoo offered free with every purchase of Recital colourant or lightener (L'Oreal Ltd, 18 Bruton Street, London W1A 1BX).

Ln = London; M = Midland; Lc = Lancashire; Y = Yorkshire; Sc = Scotland; WW = Wales and West; So = South; NE = North-east; A = Anglia; U = Ulster; We = Westward; B = Border; G = Grampian; E = Eireann; CI = Channel Islands.

Anadin: All except E Aquafresh toothpaste: WW Close Up: All areas Maybelline Great Lash mascara: Ln, So Macleans Freshmint: All except WW Pears transparent soap: M, Lc, Sc, WW. NE, We, B

Rennie: All except U Signal: WW, So, A<mark>, G, Y</mark> Silvikrin hairspray: All areas Silvikrin shampoo: All areas

Sure: All areas

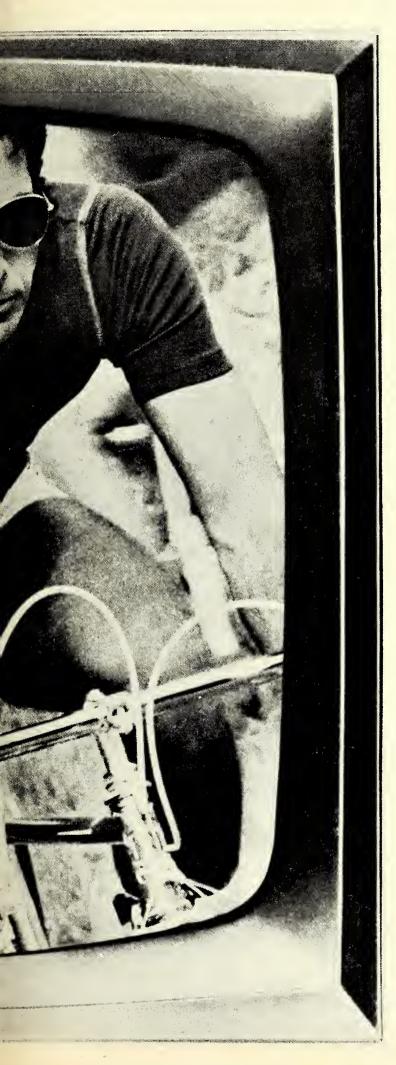
Three Wishes foam bath: All areas Wilkinson Sword: All areas

480 Chemist & Druggist 14 April 1973

Polaroid will be riding into



lions of homes this spring.



When you spend as much money as we're spending on peak time television, you know your message is reaching millions of people.

But reaching people doesn't mean much unless you capture their attention.

This bicycle racer will be doing just that when he rides into homes this spring demonstrating the advantages of Polaroid sunglasses.

Of course, he has a great product to demonstrate.

Polaroid sunglasses can eliminate up to 99% of reflected glare, while regular sunglasses only darken this glare. They're scratch and shatter resistant. They absorb up to 96% of ultraviolet rays. And the lenses are made with a sevenlayer construction.

As if that's not enough, they're also available in a wide range of good looking styles.

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Polaroid Sunglasses

An improved aspirin

by H. Timmington, BPharm, MPS, ARIC manager of product development (long term), Nicholas Laboratories

Whilst aspirin, in one form or another, is used universally as an analgesic and antiinflammatory, it is well recognised that it has certain drawbacks, one of which is its taste.

Attempts have been made to improve the flavour of products and the most successful have been presentation as either a "soluble" or an effervescent tablet. In both the aspirin is taken as a solution.

The "soluble" aspirin tablet when added to water shows some effervescence due to a reaction between the calcium carbonate and citric acid present, with the formation of a soluble calcium salt of aspirin. Disintegration of the tablet is aided by the presence of starch. However, this type of dissolution has the disadvantage that the final preparation in the glass is cloudy and the carbon dioxide evolved gives rise to the formation of a scum. It is not obvious to the consumer that the aspirin has dissolved.

Effervescent tablets

The "effervescent" tablets on the market employ sodium bicarbonate and citric acid as an effervescent "couple" to produce rapid disintegration of the tablet and the provision of sufficient sodium citrate/sodium bicarbonate to cause dissolution of the aspirin. The aspirin is seen to be dissolved producing a clear solution which, being fairly well carbonated, is agreeable to the taste.

However, the amount of sodium citrate produced in the reaction and the residual sodium bicarbonate detracts somewhat from the advantages. Most important is that a high concentration of sodium ions mitigates against the use of the tablet for prolonged treatment in rheumatic and similar conditions, especially when a sodium controlled diet is also required.

With both types of product there is the possibility that atmospheric humidity or heat will produce a reaction in the effervescent couple causing spoilage of the tablet. Even more of a problem can be the degradation of the aspirin in the presence of even minute amounts of moisture because of its close proximity to the sodium bicarbonate.

With these points in mind it was obvious that other formulations would merit investigation. The object was to produce a tablet of smaller size with a low sodium ion content which dissolved rapidly. The protection of the effervescent couple and the aspirin, during storage, was also considered important.

In their search for such an improved formulation the Nicholas Research Institute adopted the principle that the active ingredients should be coated prior to their incorporation in the final tablet mix. It was also decided that the aspirin should be in as fine a state of division as pos-

sible to ensure rapid dissolution. It was expected that under these conditions high blood salicylate levels would be obtained rapidly. The final result of these investigations, Claradin, satisfied the objectives and criteria laid down.

In coating aspirin several materials can be used which dissolve rapidly but at the same time offer an effective protection. Likewise several methods of application can be used. Of all the methods and materials it was found that spray drying with a sugar alcohol gave the best results. The aspirin was in a very fine state of division and the particles were discrete surrounded by a thin but hard pellicle of readily soluble material.

As sodium bicarbonate degrades under the influence of heat, it is more convenient to coat the citric acid. Of the several materials which can be used sodium citrate is the obvious choice. It provides a readily available source of a solubilising agent for the aspirin in the initial stages of dissolution of the tablet and does not absorb moisture.

Using this formulation, the aspirin dissolved readily being in a fine state of division and having sufficient effervescent couple to provoke disintegration of the tablet. But to ensure the greatest possible surface area commensurate with the volume and robustness of the tablet, a square biconvex tablet was designed.

After mixing, the coated aspirin, coated citric acid and sodium bicarbonate was tabletted. In storage trials, as was predicted, excellent stability both physical and chemical was obtained. With the low amount of sodium citrate formed only a modicum of flavour was required to produce a pleasantly bland, slightly carbonated solution of aspirin.

Claradin tablets are packed in aluminium foil strip to give physical protection, to prevent ingress of atmospheric moisture and additionally to give a good child-resistant pack.

Dissolution enhanced

A tablet with large amounts of effervescent couple will evolve a large quantity of carbon dioxide which causes rapid disintegration, but the particles of aspirin not being in a high concentration of sodium citrate are slow to dissolve. On the other hand when the aspirin in fine division is in close proximity to a ready source of sodium citrate the rate of dissolution of the aspirin in Claradin tablets is enhanced.

If the consumer chooses to use tepid water rather than cold, the dissolution rate is further improved. The solution when clear will contain sodium citrate, sodium acetylsalicylate and some resi-

Continued opposite

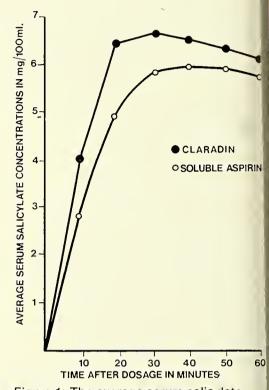


Figure 1: The average serum salicylate concentrations in 10 subjects each of whom received 0.9g aspirin as Claradin () and as soluble aspirin BP (O) dissolved in 150 ml water. The serum salicylate concentrations were determined by the method of Cummings, Martin & Renton (*Brit. J. Pharmacol.*, 1966, 26)

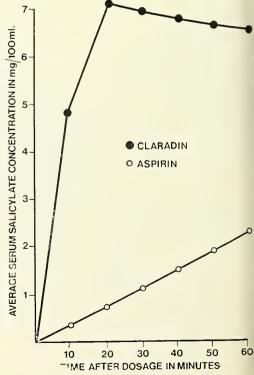


Figure 2: The average serum salicylate concentrations in 10 subjects each of whom received 0-9g aspirin as Claradin () and as aspirin tablets BP (0) dissolved or taken with 150 ml water

Comment

Research success

ritain's pharmaceutical industry has cause to be leased with itself this week, following publication fareport on research and development activity by sown "little Neddy" (p 469).

Especially pleasing is the finding that the home-ased research scientists have a man-for-man output omparable with that of their counterparts in the nited States—a point which surprised many esearch directors in view of the greater amount of expensive equipment backing the US man. On monetary basis, the "efficiency" of UK R&D is put to two-and-a-half times that in the US, and the report and evidence that cost effectiveness is lower also in apan and Western Europe.

There are a number of surprising findings—as well s welcome confirmation of some widely held beliefs. For example, there is found to be a lengthening eriod of time elapsing between the introduction of product and the achievement of its full market otential.

Up to 1961—and that date has obvious significance a relation to thalidomide—the potential was usually ealised in only two or three years. But post-1961, here has been a tendency for sales to reach a peak considering only general practice prescribing) some ix or seven years after marketing.

The most apparent conclusion is that doctors are ow more circumspect about prescribing new drugs a the early years, but the report also suggests that pany of the compounds offer a whole new therapeutic oncept—which in itself is difficult to get across to be practitioner.

Nevertheless, there is a reassuring confirmation that ne new drugs considered to be most "worthwhile" nerapeutically are also those most likely to achieve ne greatest commercial success.

Scale of research has always been a bone of

contention—is the single-minded research team more likely to make a breakthrough than the "blanket" approach of the multi-national company? In general, no, says the report. "For total market performance, the products coming from the most prolific laboratories—and probably the largest—tended to score better than those with few innovations".

However small laboratories did sometimes produce therapeutically worthwhile compounds—but perhaps lacked the capability of the large corporation to extract their full market potential. Chemical novelty was found to be no guide to market potential!

The reduced rate of return now at its maximum in 6-7 years instead of half of that time as it was a few years ago, should be reflected in a number of ways.

The first is in the assessments under the voluntary price regulation scheme where account must be taken of the extended investment required. The Neddy finding also confirms that so far as medicines are concerned, the 16 year life of a patent is inadequate and supports the view that the period should be amended to 20 years.

'Adviser' in Wales

The appointment of a pharmaceutical adviser to the Welsh Office is long overdue. However, this is just one more sign that the best that Wales can hope for is a much-modified Noel Hall structure for hospital pharmacy without the very important ingredient of a Regional Pharmacist.

The questions to be asked now are what standing the new adviser will have with the Welsh Office, and what will be his relationship with the area pharmaceutical officers, who are to be the chief pharmacists of district general hospitals under the Welsh reorganisation plan.

Aspirin

Continued from opposite

ual sodium bicarbonate. This solution well buffered and the pH of currently vailable tablets is shown in the table

· · ·	
Tablet	pH
aspirin	2.8
soluble aspirin BP	4.3
Claradin	5.5
effervescent aspirin "A"	5.7
effervescent aspirin "B"	5.8
effervescent aspirin "C"	6.8
	41

Cablets A, B and C are currently availble on the market. Claradin has an ecceptable, slightly acid, pleasant flavour with low citrate content.

As is shown in the second table of esults obtained by the Nicholas Research nstitute, the sodium ion content of tabets currently available on the market is nigh. The sodium ion content of each

Claradin tablet is 7.2 milliequivalents which is so low that in prolonged aspirin therapy the inhibiting factor is the quantity of aspirin ingested and not the sodium ion content. It follows therefore that from 12 to 24 tablets of 300 mg can be taken daily if necessary.

Product	mEq Na+
Soluble aspirin	Nil
Claradin	7.2
effervescent aspirin	
tablet "C"	12.95
effervescent paracetamo	1
tablet	18.40
effervescent aspirin	
tablet "B"	18.43
effervescent aspirin	
tablet "A"	19.3

As stated above it was anticipated that the rate at which the serum salicylate levels would rise would be at a premium. Studies were conducted at the Nicholas Research Institute to compare the blood serum levels in volunteers after the inges-

tion of aspirin in the form of Claradin, soluble aspirin tablets BP and aspirin tablets BP. Ten male subjects took part in the study and the aspirin products were taken in water in a randomised manner at intervals of not less than two days.

Blood samples were taken at 10 minute intervals and the total serum salicylate concentration was determined by a modified method of Brodie et al (J. Pharmacol. Exp. Ther. 1944, 80, 144). The serum salicylate concentrations are plotted in figs 1 and 2. The results indicate that aspirin is rapidly absorbed from the Claradin tablet.

Conclusion

A tablet, Claradin, has been formulated containing aspirin in an effervescent base which dissolves readily in water to give a clear, slightly carbonated solution, pleasantly bland in flavour with a low sodium ion concentration and which has a rapid rate of absorption of the aspirin.



Council debates whether technicians can replace hospital pharmacists

Concern over a suggestion that the demand for pharmacists in the hospital service would be reduced if there were adequate numbers of technicians, was expressed by Mr W. A. Beanland at last week's meeting of the Pharmaceutical Society's Council.

Discussing hospital manpower requirements, the Council heard that vacancies in the hospital pharmaceutical service, almost all in the pharmacist or senior pharmacist grades, numbered 180 out of a reported establishment of 1,591—an overall shortage of 11 per cent.

In replies to a questionnaire on staffing which had been returned by 14 out of the 15 regional pharmacists circularised it was also reported that two regions had a shortage of 20 per cent or over and five had a shortage of 5 per cent or less.

However, some of the respondents commented that their "establishments" were unrealistic, some dating back to the inception of the Health Service. The demand for pharmacists would be reduced if there were adequate numbers of technicians, it had been reported.

Part-timers

Tentative estimates of staffing needs in 1980 (made by seven respondents only) ranged between 132 per cent and 189 per cent of present numbers of pharmacists. On the question of part time pharmacists no respondent considered that two part time pharmacists were more useful than one full time and only one thought that they were equally useful.

The Manpower Committee observed that at the present rate of influx into the hospital service the reported shortage would be met in about two and a half years.

Mr Beanland was disturbed by the forecast of a reduced demand for pharmacists. It seemed to be a continuation of a situation in which the pharmacist was being progressively replaced by the technician and the unqualified person. Mr Beanland suggested that the Council might well look again at the question of how many technicians a pharmacist could reasonably be asked to supervise.

Mr J. G. Roberts urged caution in the matter. It was not, he said, in the interest of a learned profession to continue to do work which could be done by people who were less highly trained but were properly supervised.

Mr C. C. Stevens, supporting Mr Roberts, said that that was the underlying principle of the Noel Hall working party's

report. The idea was that no longer should students be used as cheap labour and no longer should pharmacists, because they were easy to get, be used for menial jobs.

Mr A. Howells said that, no doubt, most of the Council would agree with Mr Beanland. The president, Mr J. P. Kerr, suggested that Mr Beanland should put down a question on supervision, and that there could then be a discussion on the subject at a future meeting.

The Department of Health had notified the Society that it had been considering the possibility of establishing an advanced course of training for pharmacy technicians. The Department had asked the City and Guilds of London Institute and the Society of Apothecaries, both of which organise examinations for pharmacy technicians at the basic level, for their views. The Department hoped to introduce acceptable advanced training as soon as possible and a pilot course might be able to start in the autumn.

The general practice subcommittee had discussed the question of registration of pharmacy technicians and had expressed the view that if further discussions on the subject were held with representatives of the Association of Pharmacy Technicians, they should be confined to the question of registration of pharmacy technicians in the hospital pharmaceutical service.

No objection would be made to the announcement of a pharmacy's extended hours of service as part of a normal entry in a telephone directory, other than a classified directory. An Ethical Committee recommendation to that effect was accepted by the Council, which agreed that an announcement of an extended service—an all night service or a late night service—was clearly in the public interest. As anyone consulting a telephone directory for a pharmacy would already know the name of the owner, or of the pharmacy, there was no objection to any extended hours being included in the entry.

Objections to names

A partnership of pharmacists wished to use a trade name which included the same name as that of a health centre close to the pharmacy. After considering objections by local pharmacists, it was agreed that the pharmacists concerned should be informed that the trade name they had selected implied a special status and should not be used. In another case, a consortium of pharmacists wished to register a company name which included the words "health

centre pharmacy". That name had not bee acceptable to the Registrar of companie and the Council felt that an alternativ name proposed and which included th words "health centre dispensary" migh imply some association with the doctor operating from the health centre and caus ill feeling among other pharmacists in th area.

Donations to the Benevolent fund wer reported of £750 by Birmingham Pharma ceutical Association cricket section and o £200 by Manchester Pharmaceutical Association junior branch.

Preregistration experience

Before seeking preregistration experience graduates should determine whether or not the establishment in which they were to be employed had been approved for that purpose. The Education Committee decided that a letter drawing attention to that point should be sent for display in school of pharmacy.

After discussing the criteria for approving pharmacies for preregistration experience the Education committee agreed that the Society's inspectors should also be asked to give an opinion on whether graduate could be expected in view of the nature of the business, to be occupied or professional work for the greater part of a period of training. The inspector should also be asked for his impression of the scope for good business training.

In due course, it was suggested, further consideration would need to be given to the type of experience that should be required during the preregistration period.

The conference of representatives of Pharmaceutical Committees in October 1972, had suggested "short courses of instruction in the knowledge and skills needed for the supply of appliances described in the Drug Tariff".

The Practice Committee felt that such courses should be organised within the programme of courses to which the Department of Health gives financial support. The Organisation Committee recommended that arrangements should be made for a pilot course on the subject to be held in the Midlands or North of England.

Contraceptives supply

The Department of Health and Social Security had made it clear that the Pharmaceutical Society would be consulted about the implications for pharmacists of the recent announcement by the Secretary of State relating to the provision of family planning services including the supply of contraceptives, within the NHS. Consultation would take place after discussions between the Department and the medical profession had been completed.

During further discussion of the question of dispensing in rural areas, it was indicated that the Council would welcome an opportunity of appointing representatives to attend a meeting on the subject with the Department of Health.

The Society had been invited to send representatives to a meeting with the Welsh Office on April 10 to discuss proposals for the organisation of pharmaceutical services in Wales before and after April 1, 1974. Similar invitations had been sent to the Guild of Hospital Pharmacists and the Central NHS (Chemist Contractors) Committee.

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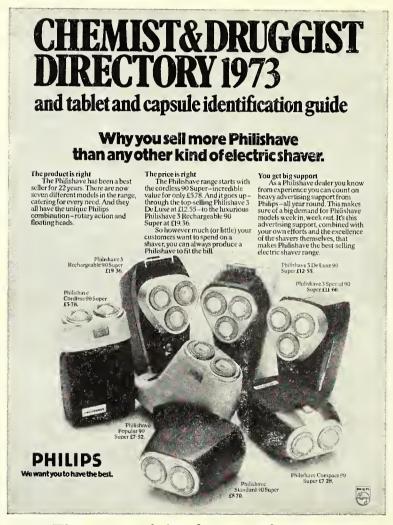
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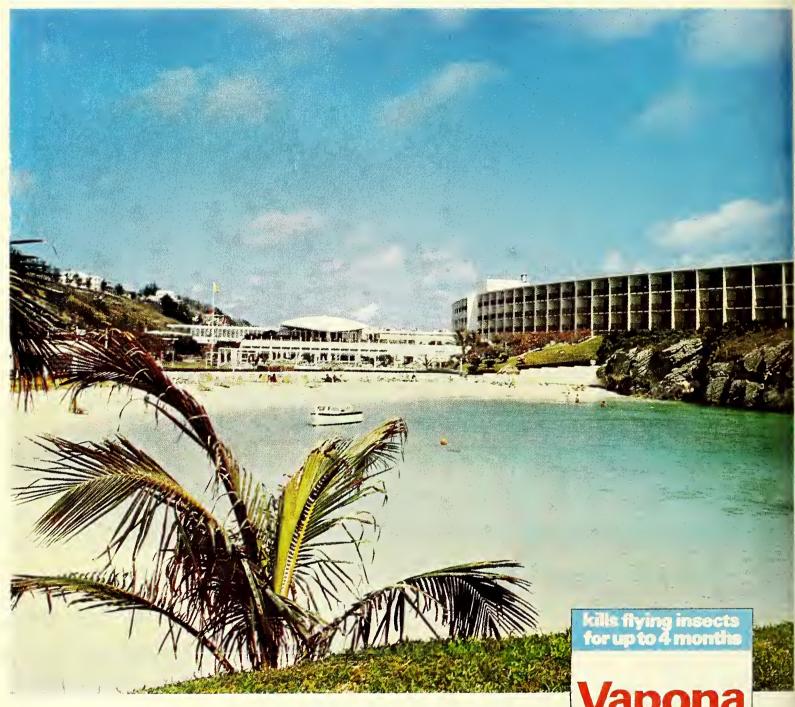
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ourteen Council candidates tate their policies

armacists registered in the Pharmaceutical Society of eat Britain will be receiving their ballot papers next week the 1973 Council election. This year there are fourteen ndidates for the normal seven vacancies. ort biographies and policy statements of each ntestant are here prescribed for those voters unable to tend meetings to hear the candidates' views.

E. Balmford, John hfield, Staffs. Qualified 3. Proprietor pharmacist, viously employee pharmawith small multiple comy. Member of Council 3-1969 and since 1970. mber of convocation, Unisity of Aston, and a memof its syllabus advisory nmittee on pharmacy of same university. Member fordshire Pharmaceutical mmittee, and a former viceirman of Derbyshire Pharceutical Commttee, Forr vice-president, Birming-n Pharmaceutical Associan of Birmingham National armaceutical Union inch. Member, North Birngham hospital manage-nt committee and of two spital complex committees. regional hospital board minee to the Pharmaceuti-

contend that the majority problems facing our pro-sion today are not specito individual sections, but general. If re-elected I continue to serve the prosion as a whole and strive improve its status profes-nally and economically. armacists appointed to neral administrative posi-ns in the new NHS must ve detailed knowledge of th hospital and general actice pharmacy to ensure at both the profession and public benefit from the w structure.
a Regional Board nominee

Whitley Council Com-

the Whitley Council I will deavour to ensure that the ancial rewards to hospital armacists are commensurwith their responsibilities members of the hospital

is important that the aclerating establishment of

E. Balmford

health centres and group practices does not deny the patient convenient access to a comprehensive pharmaceutical service. Pressure must be brought to ensure that the Government accept legislation provide a planned distribution of pharmacies.

It has been suggested that the United Kingdom entry into Europe will change the pat-tern of the practice of pharmacy in Britain. We must try to ensure that the interests of all pharmacists are fully taken into account before any policy decision is reached. I believe that the pharmacist manager must have complete professional freedom and must shoulder his responsibility. How that is to be achieved must be by harmonious agreement.

Although I have already served nine years on the Council, I am only in the middle of my pharmaceutical career, and I have, therefore, a real concern for the pro-fession's future. I ask for your vote in order that I may apply the experience I have gained in the past to the future benefit of the profes-

Mr J. P. Bannerman, Glasgow. Qualified 1958. Proprietor pharmacist. Member of Executive of the Scottish Department of the Society since 1965. Past president of Glas-gow Pharmacy Club. Past cliairman of the Glasgow and West of Scotland Branch of the Society and now branch press officer. Member of Council since 1967; Member of the Glasgow Executive Council; chairman of the local organising committee for British Pharmaceutical Conference 1971.

My desire to remain as one of your members of Council is tied totally to my wish to contribute to the work of creating a more satisfying career for all pharmacists. My concern is with the pharmacist and not with the organi-sation within pharmacy. I shall, therefore, continue to work for the expansion of our professional responsibilities in all facets of practice.

In industry, the British pharmacist must be accorded the same responsibilities as his European counterpart.

In hospital practice, the restructuring of the service must be accelerated. Encouragement and training must be given to those who will be the managers of the future. Suitable rewards must be provided for the specialists in the

In general practice, there must be protection from the leap-frogger. Control of the opening of pharmacies in health centre and group pracice areas must be secured. EEC entry will affect general practice pharmacists. Any changes must, of necessity, be slow: great care must be taken to ensure that they are not costly, in either professional or financial terms.

Because my concern is for the individual pharmacist, and because I see dramatic changes for general practice, in respect of health centre develop-ment and in respect of shopping patterns, I believe that we are educating too many pharmacists for the future pharmaceutical needs of this

If re-elected, I shall continue to serve the interests of pharmacists generally: I shall not serve exclusively, the interest of any sector of the member-

Mr David J. Dalglish, B.Sc. (Pharmacy) Hous, Aberfeldy,

Scotland, Qualified 1971, Proprietor pharmacist in rural practice. Town councillor and Aberfeldy town
British convenor, Aberfeld council. President, Pharmaceutical Students Association 1970-71 and treasurer 1969-70. Committee member of the Dundee & Eastern Branch of the Society. One of the most significant statements made recently with regard to our profession was made by Sir Keith Joseph when he said, "That the main source of change must come from within the profession itself." It is this challenge which we as a profession must grasp firmly to-day. The necessity for a planned pharmaceutical service has never been more relevant than now, for we stand at a crossroads, on one hand Europe, on the other National Health Service reorganisation Concerted action must be taken for the good of the profession and the people we serve.

The report of the Working Party on NHS Pharmaceutical Services was, I feel, a great opportunity lost. Lost due to basic misconceptions of what type of pharmaceutical services we should be providing in the 70's. The service and present methods of remuneration were perhaps relevant to fifty years ago, but certainly not to the present day. Professional services must be met by recognised profes-sional remuneration, but lack of such remuneration should not prevent advancement of profession, rather should persuade us to fight for what we know is right,

In standing as a candidate. I do so firstly as a pharmacist and secondly as a general practice pharmacist, for I feel that our greatest need is for unity of the profession, for by working together for improved conditions in one sector of pharmacy, we will benefit the profession as a whole. If elected, I feel that I can offer you the energy of the young, coupled with the wisdom of an experienced nego-tiator and I pledge my un-stinting efforts to further the profession as a whole and the interests of my fellow Pharmacists.

N. J. Harper



Prof Norman J. Harper, PhD, MSc. BSc (Hons), ARIC. Newcastle-on-Tyne. Qualified 1965, Group director of research in industry, Professor and head, department of pharmacy, University of pharmacy, University of Aston in Birmingham, 1965-69. Member of the Society's Education Committee and examiner for the Society, Chairman Birmingham Regional Hospital Board, Pharmaceutical Services Committee. Recipient of Carl Wilhelm Scheele medal, presented by the Pharmaceutical Society of Sweden, Chairman, Society for Drug Research (1966-68) and now vice-chairman. Member, nomenclature committee, BPC, member, synthetic drug committee, BPC; member, research and development committee, ABP1. The Pharmaceutical profes-

sion has had to deal with difficult problems in recent times. To-day, once more, we are faced with problems which

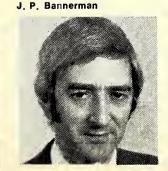
will call for wide experience and wisdom in the Society. The entry of Britain into the EEC raises problems in every field of pharmacy, in general practice, hospital, industry and academic. To cope with these changes the Council needs not only unity, strength and freedom from the influence of sectional interests, but also the experi-ence of colleagues who have had first-hand acquaintanceship with the areas threatened by change and experience of pharmacy in Europe.

I believe that my qualifications and experience spanning general and wholesale prac-tice, teaching and research as head of a university depart-ment, service on regional hospital board committees, subcommittees of the Society and current appointment directing research of a leading pharma-cutical group in the UK and Europe are well-suited to re-presenting the interests of our profession in the diffi-

our profession in the diffi-cult period ahead, both in UK and Europe. I believe we must accept that some changes in our pro-fessional way of life are in-evitable, for example, the era now ahead will pose problems related to harmonisation within the EEC on training and qualifications. The position of the pharmacists in general practice must be upheld for they have a key role as the source of primary care medicines prescribed by the family doctor and are also the suppliers of much of the family remedies for selfmedication.

Recent experience in dealing with the legislative and registration authorities in Europe convinces me of the

D. J. Dalglish





Continued on p490

Council candidates' policies

Continued from p489

testing time ahead and that a strong and informed approach is vital to the future practice of pharmacy in Britain. I hope that my experience would be of value in the counsels of the Society.

Mr W. H. Howarth, Nottingham. Qualified 1942. Em-ployed in general practice pharmacy administration. Member, Nottingham Executive Council and Secretary, Nottingham Pharmaceutical Committee, Member of the British Pharmaceutical Codex pharmacy subcommittee A and its dispensing panel. Lecturer to Sherwood Region refresher course for phamacies on pharmacy law and National Health Service matters. A justice of the peace for the city of Nottingham. As an employee of a com-pany chemist I am perturbed that Council should, by rea-son of entry into EEC support a directive which will create a distinction between a pharmacist practising as an em-ployed person and one who is self-employed. Such a distinction is to me unethical and if pursued to its utmost could affect the livelihood of many

The draft EEC directive requiring personal ownership of medical products and equipment to protect the patient is quite unnecessary here and will add nothing to the present legal safeguards, and the other major change—restriction of inventory—is equally unnecessary.

In both large and very small companies compulsory restriction of inventory and the problem of personal ownership of stock and equipment would cause many pharmacies to close. Pharmaceutical services could be seriously curtailed with doctors gratefully accepting an unexpected dispensing bonus. Any new restrictions affecting establishment, inventory or employee, employer status must affect all pharmacists by limiting their opportunity to commence or transfer to general practice.

Companies are able to look after themselves but their employees must safeguard

their own interests or they could find themselves in a vulnerable position. Pharmacists employed in hospitals, and more recently in industry, are well represented by the Society both at home and in Europe but their colleagues employed in general practice don't appear to be so fortunate and they must be better represented on Council. I stand solidly for British general practice pharmacy and its proved service to the community. I maintain that all pharmacists, happy and proud to practise their profession as at present, should be allowed to continue to do so without any added restrictions. Council supports proposals which it admits may adversely affect pharmacists employed in general practice. If elected I will vigorously oppose any such proposals.

Mr J. P. Kerr, FPS, New-castle-upon-Tyne, Proprietor pharmacist. Qualified 1938. Elected to the Council for the first time in 1963 and elected president of the Society 1972. Has been a member of the Planned Distribution Committee, of the Audio Visual Aids Committee, and of the Joint Committee of the Society and the British Medical Association. A member of the Joint Fornulary Committee and of the local Pharmaceutical Committee, A former secretary of Northumbrian Branch of the Society.

I firmly believe in the unique role of the pharmacist in the community. I believe that pharmacists, because of their education and professional ethic, protect the public in regard to the medicines they—the public—consume. I believe that in any well ordered society this role would be better recognised and remunerated than it is today. I have been, and will continue to be, a forthright advocate of this case, a case which supports the pharmacist wherever he is employed.

I will continue, too, to oppose those who would denigrate or depreciate our profession, whoever they may be, for whatever reason they do so. I can afford so to do because I have no personal ambition, other than to serve pharmacy to the best of my ability.

Mr K. A. Lees, FPS, DBA, Greenford, Qualified 1944. Head of pharmaceutical research and development department, Glaxo Labo-ratories Ltd, and superintendent pharmacist of the company. Past branch chairman past secretary, Slough Branch of the Society. Presented a symposium paper on "Fine particles in pharma-ceutical practice" at the British Pharmaceutical Conference, September 1963. Coopted to the Society's Council in August 1968, and re-elected in 1970. Member of the pharmacy board of the Council for National Academic Awards, Consultant pharmacist to the Ministry of Defence. Member of Standing Pharmaceut Pharmaceutical Advisory Committee of the Department of Health and Social Security. Member of pharmacy advisory com-mittee, Brighton polytechnic. Immediate past chairman of the Science Group of the BP Conference.
Council have rejected the single transferable vote

Council have rejected the single transferable vote (STV). Inevitably the decision is tainted by self preservation motivation. An annual meeting should decide or perhaps—a referendum. Who is to say what would constitute a failure for STV if introduced? Minority group representation could be a problem so introduction of STV should be coupled with an automatic review (not by Council) after

We are threatened with a new school of pharmacy. Will existing heads of schools continue to coperate to maintain the balance between supply and demand in the face of this threat? Frightening visions of a gross surplus of pharmacists, job competition and diminishing rewards for all loom large. We have quite enough schools and the flow of pharmacists seems about right at the present time.

Council supports EEC

Council supports EEC

policy on professionalism. Fair enough, but I have seen no cost-benefit analysis of the present versus the future. What is the cost of professionalism to the public, to pharmacy and to pharmacists themselves? How many pharmacies can true unpadulterated professionalism sustain? Here we are back to planned distribution of pharmacies, proper rewards for knowledge and advice rather than purely technical manipulations. So let us seek professionalism but on a broad front and not in isolation. EEC harmonisation will be a very slow business anyway.

business anyway.
Do you believe in balanced representation on Council? Take a look at the composition of Council. Ask yourself whether the present proportions from all branches is about right, Do you think it is important to have Council members who actually practise pharmaceutical science to provide an innate understanding of biological availability, digoxin problems and monograph matters? I believe the answer to all these questions is "yes" and hope you will vote accordingly.

Mr D. H. Maddock, MPharm, Cardiff. Qualified 1957. Proprietor pharmacist. Formerly employed in industry and as a medical representative. Commissioned in Royal Navy, during National Service. Member of Council, 1967-70. Member of NPU Executive, Director, NPU Holdings Ltd, Chemists Defence Association Ltd. Secretary General Pharmaceutical Committee of Wales. Member of council of Institute of Pharmacy Management Member of Management Member of pharmacy board of Council for National Academic Awards. Past social secre-tary of Romford Branch of the Society, past secretary of Bridgend NPU Branch. Past committee member of Mid-Glamorgan Branch of the Society. Currently chairman of Cardiff branches of the Society and NPU. Member of Cardiff branches of the Committee. Part-time lec-

turer to the Welsh scho of pharmacy. Lecturer e pharmacy to Welsh nation school of medicine orientation medical administrator Awarded degree of mast of pharmacy for a thes entitled "Studies on the distribution of health centre and their impact upon pha macy and the community.' The introduction of ne Health Service legislation changing the existing tr partite structure to a unifie system, must meet with united response by pharmacists. We must reorientat ourselves so that sections interests are submerged an support given to those mem bers of our profession mos competent to lead us into the new era. Only by such a philosophy will we be able to fight for the necessar parity with the other health

care professions, in the newly formed bodies.
Such action will produce the pharmacists who will b qualified to fight for the total implementation of the Noel Hall structure that will give to our hospita, pharmaceutical service the just recognition it deserves. Only pharmacists of the highest calibre will be able to do battle on behalf of our professional colleagues who are suffering as a result of the increase in dispensing by doctors. We must not again allow our leaders to mark time in this arenacontinuous militant activity is essential to eliminate this retrograde trend. organisation of group medical practice and prolifera-tion of town centre health centres will cause many pharmacies to close and lead to a substantial increase in dispensing by doctors on the periphery of our urban conurbations—placing the livelihoods of even more of

Last but not least, our negotiators in the Common Market must be made to realise that decisions affecting us all, must not be agreed as a consequence of private discussions, but only after full, frank and open debate within the profession.

W. H. Howarth



J. P. Kerr



K. A. Lees



D. H. Maddock



A. G. Madge



A. G. Mervyn Madge, R. Plymouth. Qualified 13. In general practice. cretary, Plymouth Branch the Society and past airman. Chairman, Plyairman. uth Pharmaceutical Comttee, past chairman of the mouth Regional College pharmacy Technology visory committee. Secrey, pharmacy group, of Royal Society of Health, uirman and Fellow, Insti-e of Pharmacy Manage-nt. He is a member of Economic Research uncil, Member of the uncil, Plymouth Chamber Commerce and past chairn of and a member of general purposes ail committees. Member the Plymouth Disable-nt Advisory Committee. e-Chairman of the South-

st regional me Safety. u re-elected me to Council ee years ago, and I offer self again, relying on my vices to the profession to ure your support.

council of

pioneer in the fight for rural pharmacist, I am acerned at the lack of gress made and the inase in dispensing doctors. mplete rejection of Reguon 29 is essential. To my an colleagues—remember mley Green. To my icultural and veterinary leagues recognition of unllified sellers of veterinary dicines must be resisted. is drastically ilance ded with entry into the opean Community, Again offer my knowledge and Common erience on Common rket matters. The interest the employee pharmacist not be denied-the only ion not represented.

viously a prescription was rosant, today a comoday a com-between two nication fessions. It is essential in patient's interest and inity to contact doctors t the professional judge-nt of the pharmacist is ognised, especially where tten by medical ancil-

must be adamant that benefits of the financial career structure for the pital pharmacist is not by procrastination and rmacy strongly repre-ted in the new service. I proud that during my irmanship of the Indusl Pharmacy subcommittee formation of the highly cessful group was achieve The Society must be t in watching the inte-

re communication ded between Council and mbers. More "open" orting of Council meet-Nothing can replace

s of our industrial col-

gues.

A. Myers

personal contact made socially and at branch meet-Experience has shown the value of such communication and the promotion of balanced opinions.

Fortified by the support and appreciation from all sections of our profession, I am willing to play my part in dealing with the vast, legal, economic, social, and political pressures facing pharmacy today to the advancement and recognition of our profession.

Mr J. A. Myers, BPharm. FPS, LLB, DPA, ACIS, FPS, LLB, DPA, ACIS, FInst Pkg, Edinburgh, Qualified in 1937. Regional pharmacist to South-eastern Regional Hospital Board, Scotland. Chief pharmacist, Royal Infirmary of Edin-burgh and Associated Hospi-(1958-72). Member, ing Pharmaceutical Standing Pharmaceutical
Advisory Committee, Scottish
Health Services Council.
Member, Scottish Hospital Consultative Pharmacists' Committee. A Scottish representative on the English and Welsh Hospital Pharmacists'

Consultative Committee. A member of the Society's Council since 1964 and of the Executive of the Scottish Department of the Society. Member of the British Phar-maceutical Codex surgical dressings subcommittee. Member, Regional Pharmaceutical Advisory Com-mittee, South-eastern Re-gional Hospital Board, Scotland. Representative of hospital pharmacists on Edin-burgh Pharmaceutical Com-

On January 1, 1955 there were 15,313 pharmacies in Great Britain. By December 1972 the number had fallen to 11,929 (a staggering loss of 22 per cent). Economic reasons accounted for 294 closures in 1972. In this period millions of pounds worth of analgesics, antacids, etc, were sold through

supermarkets, etc.
The Department of Health realises that numerous ex pensive hospital beds could be made available to other patients if the drug induced diseases were reduced. The Medicines Act, 1968 and Misuse of Drugs Act, 1971 are designed to help in re-ducing such illnesses. The Department must use these powers to make the General Sales List short. The two Acts make pharmacists the lawfully constituted agents for the purchase, correct storage and distribution of "prescription-only medicines" and a large range of "non-prescription medication". I will use my legal knowledge to achieve "Medicines from pharmacies only'

A planned, well-paid, in-

tegrated pharmaceutical service is essential. The neg-lected rural pharmacists must have more opportuni-ties to deal in veterinary medicines and to dispense. Pharmacy students require training in anatomy, pathology and clinical medicine. Students need tuition from clinicians in the wards. We must create far more postgraduate hospital where young pharmacists can work as hospital interns and so really learn the action and uses of medicines on patients. The pharmacist will depend less "on what he

does" and more on "what he knows". must fill many more industrial posts by encouraging and training pharmacists to become expert medichemists, medicine formulators, clinical pharmacologists, administrators, linguists, lawyers, managers administrators. etc. The pharmaceutical industry will become a non-pharmacist industry, if we do not take strong action. I will work for better salaries and job satisfaction in hospital and general practice pharmacy and direct entry commissions for pharmacists in the armed forces.

Mr C. H. Preston Robinson, FPS, DBA, Mansfield, Notts. Qualified 1932. Group phar-maceutical officer to the Mansfield and Berry Hill Hospital management com-mittee. Former admiralty pharmacist and several years in general practice pharmacy with both private and company chemists.

Member, National Insurance and National Insurance (Industrial Injuries) Acts local appeals tribunal, Mansfield area. 1954 to 1960; Member, National Assistance Act 1948, appeal tribunal, Mansfield and Worksop area, 1953-Society since 1946, its branch secretary for 18 years: former chairman, present treasurer. Member, Pharmaceutical committee 1959; member of pharma-ceutical services subcommittee. Member Guild of Hos-Pharmacists Council 1950-1 and since 1954; senior trustee, former vice-president, former treasurer, former registrar. Former chairman and former secretary, East Midlands Branch of the Guild.

Member of Committee C Functional Pharmaceutical Pharmaceutical Functional
Whitley Council since 1955
(except for break of four
months); Member General
Whitley Council for the
Health Services (Great Health Services (Great Britain) since 1959, and also of its general purposes committee: Member Joint

Superannuation Consultative Committee for the Health Service since its formation; Member of Professional Staffs Appeal Panel Northern Ireland Health Authority; member, Institute of Health

Service Administrators since 1939, elected fellow, 1972. The Department of Health and Social Security in its proposals for "Management Arrangements in the Reorganised Health Service states that the improvement in health care will depend primarily "on the people in the health care professions who prevent, diagnose and treat disease" and that "management plays only a subsidiary part". This reference to the part played by management is, either by either by accident or design, understatement of the present age. One fundamental truth that I have learnt during over forty years' experience in a health care profes-sion is that without direct representation in the places where managerial decisions are made a profession can make little or no progress. Last year I wrote that "in any re-organisation of the Health Service pharmaceutical advice must be available at first-hand at all levels of administration". The presence of a pharmacist on all important decision-making committees is an essential corollary to the existence of strong professional advisory committees. This is the philosophy which has col-oured the whole of my professional career as may be seen by reference to my biographical details which arc, of necessity, much condensed.

The problems mentioned in my last policy statement are still with us, and I am not unaware of their existence. To reiterate, the main ones are the draft directives of the EEC, the extent of the General Sales List, the effect of the Industrial Relations Act on employer-employee relationship within the profession, the dispensing doctor, the "leap-frogging" towards health centres and group practices. However, the profession must get its priorities right. The main priority is to ensure that the special skills of the pharmacist are used to the best advantage in the re-organised Health Service. In order to achieve this aim the next twelve months will be crucial.

Birmingham. Qualified 1933. Proprietor pharmacist 1946-69, now semi-retired. Employed by the Society as a proof reader in the produc-tion of the BP Codex 1934. Hospital pharmacist at Chat-

ham R.N. Hospital, then at R.N. Hospital, Malta, G.C. 1940-45. During this period active work with City Councils on behalf of shopkeepers in re-development areas as Chairman of Ladywood Private Traders' Association. vate Traders' Association. President, Birmingham Pharmaceutical Association 1962-63; chairman, local branch, NPU 1966-67; treasurer, British Pharmaceutical Con-1968; chairn am Branch chairman, ference . Birntingham Society, 1969-70 and current press officer; member local pharmaceutical committee 1957-67; director, Associated Chemists, B'ham 1956-70. Pharmacists must present a united front and great care

must be exercised that one sectional interest is not played off against another. There is considerable humbug inside the profession and the fundamental freedoms of individuals are being eroded. Members of Council should serve the profession and not be administrators bending to political whims. I am amazed at the lack of protest in regard to the anomalies in the proposed VAT on medicines and counter prescribing. Poisons regulations cause many irritations to pharmacists which many unlisted suppliers to industry escape. Unless careful attention is paid to detail, the Medicine Act could be a farce so far as pharmacy is concerned. No progress in the recognition of our qualifications in the Armed Services has been obtained, in spite of several opportunities. This must be reviewed and all the latter points considered. The Common Market presents many problems. The British pharmacist must be safeguarded. I have had experience in retail, both multiple and private, and hospital. I am a forceful character who has been asked to stand for elec-tion by my local branch and several pharmacists, private and multiple, from a wide area. I would devote my to remuneration, recognition and preservation of the freedom of the individual

Mr D. N. Sharpe, London. Qualified 1957, Proprietor pharmacist Member of Society's Council 1967-70. Chairman, Organising Com-Chairman, Organising Com-mittee, British Pharmaceuti-cal Conference 1973. Mem-ber. NPU Executive Com-mittee 1968 to present and director NPU Marketing. Member of Central NHS Contractors Committee, Past chairman and member, Lon-

I would endeavour to protect pharmacists in all that

assails them both from within and outside the profession.

Continued on p492

C. H. P. Robinson



F. J. Revnolds



D. N. Sharpe



D. E. Sparshott



Candidates' policies

Continued from p491

don Pharmaceutical Committee; Member, Middlesex Pharmaceutical Committee; past chairman and secretary, Hendon and Edgware Branch of the Society.

Who will be the architects for the pharmacy of the future? I believe they must be pharmacists not civil servants. As a member country of the EEC the British Government have difficult political decisions to make. We must ensure that these decisions reflect and protect the views and livelihoods of all British pharmacists. To this end, improved communications are vital so that we are all kept informed of developments and not told too little too late.

The reorganisation of the Health Service offers us an opportunity to play our role as full members of the health team. We alone are in the unique position of broad daily contact with the public. We must ensure that the restructured service is designed in the best interest of the patient as well as the professions.

The Medicines Commission in determining the distribution pattern of medicines should examine not only the properties of the individual substances but also strive to engender in the public a responsible attitude to the taking of medicines. The responsibility for the supply

of the nation's medicaments is quite clearly, by training and experience, that of the pharmacist.

I am concerned that the Department's intentions in the implementations of Noel Hall might not provide an efficient service in our hospitals. We must support hospital pharmacy in its current struggle. Doctor dispensing continues to pose a real threat to pharmacy—the threat to pharmacy—the medical profession have successfully delayed any action. Pharmacists must take the initiative and press the Minister to intervene in this matter. All sections of pharmacy have their own particular spheres of activity but the desire to enhance the profession of pharmacy is common to all. To that end we must work together to provide the best possible provide the best possible service to the public as well professional satisfaction and a just economic reward for the pharmacist.

Mr D. E. Sparshott, MA, Nottingham. Qualified 1929. Formerly chief pharmacy superintendent of Boots Co Ltd. Now an occasional locum pharmacist in general practice. Member of Council since 1964; Vice-president, 1969-70. Member of West Bridgford urban district council. Member of Nottingham No 4 hospital management committee until its

amalgamation, Member of the Society's Statutory Committee since 1969, Former member of Central NHS (Chemist Contractors) Committee and of the Poisons Board. Former vice-chairman of Joint Pricing Committee. Former Chairman of Nottingham Branch of the Society.

In general I agree with the policy of the Council of the Society, especially in its desire to improve educational standards, and the move towards professionalism when this can be achieved without loss of viability. Something must be done to protect the interests of the rural pharmacy and to curb poaching by dispensing doctors.

The greatest possible career possibilities must be available for hospital pharmacists and industrial pharmacists must not be regarded as second class material for promotion in industry.

promotion in industry.

I am concerned that the Society's Council have agreed EEC directive V with the foreign groupement. This is an unreasonable restriction which does not apply to cooperative societies and should not apply to companies either big or small. I want to see that the opinions of employees and small companies are heard at Brussels on this matter.

Finally I wish to see a dignified and efficient headquarters establishment at Lambeth. I think that I have had the experience to be able to contribute to Council discussions. I certainly have the time to give to it,

Auditors election

There are six candidates for the election of five auditors. The candidates are:

Mr A. H. Briggs, FPS, DBA, Horsham, Sussex. Qualified 1950. Auditor of the Society since 1966. Technical manager, Ciba Laboratories. Past secretary, Tunbridge Wells Branch of the Society.

Mr E. A. Brocklehurst, FPS, JP, Hull, Yorks. Qualified 1927. Proprietor pharmacist. Member of Council 1944-1971; vice-president 1953: president 1954. Member of the Statutory Committee from 1969. Charter Gold medallist 1971. Member of National Pharmaceutical Union Executive and Central NHS (Chemist Contractors) Committee 1958-1968. Chairman NPU Executive 1945-1946 and 1966-1967

Mr J. C. Hanhury, CBE, MA, BPharm, FPS, FRIC, Ware, Herts, Qualified 1934. Auditor of the Society since 1948: chairman, Allen & Hanburys Ltd; past-chairman, British Pharmaceutical Conference; past-president, Association of the British Pharmaceutical Industry and of the Association of British Chemical Manufacturers; chairman, Harlow group hospital management com-

mittee; chairman, Cen.
Health Services Caun
member, Standing Pharr
ceutical Advisory Comn
tee, British Pharmacapo
Commission, and council
the school of pharma
University of Landon.

Sir Harry Jephcott, Bt, M DSc. FPS, FRIC. Easted Middlesex Qualified 19 Auditor of the Society sin 1946; former chairman, n honorary president, Gle Group; past chairman council, school of pharma University of London, 194 1969: past president, Ra Institute of Chemistry.

Mr L. G. Matthews, M. FPS, London. Qualified 19. Auditor of the Society sit 1959; former director, We come Foundation Ltd.: pa president, British Society the History of Pharma past-president, North Lodon Pharmaceutical Assication; past - chairms British Section of France British Pharmaceutical Camission.

Mr A. G. Shaw, FPS. FCI St Albans, Herts. Qualifi-1939. Secretary, Association of the British Pharmaceu cal Industry; presider. Guild of Public Pharmacist 1952-53; chairman, Tham Valley branch of the Societ 1956-58.

'Milk powder scoops give inaccurate measure'

If dried milk powders for babies were marketed in individual, accurately weighed packets, hazards of overfeeding would largely be eliminated.

That was the conclusion reached by investigators at the General Hospital, Newcastle upon Tyne, in last week's British Medical Journal. Tests with five commercial brands of dried milk revealed that when nurses, midwives and mothers made up feeds using the scoops provided by the manufacturers, the amount of powder given was usually excessive.

The authors claim that overfeeding of infants with cow's milk can be dangerous if it causes hypernatraemia, and undesirable if it results in obesity. They recommend that if scoops must be used they should be of a standardised, optimal shape and size and clear, illustrated instructions for filling and levelling should be given on all packets. Mothers-to-be should be shown how to prepare milk feeds before the birth of their babics and again when they leave hospital.

In a further report from the Department of Paediatrics, University College Hospital Medical School, London WCl, ten milk powders and three evaporated milks were analysed for protein, sodium, potassium, calcium and phosphorus content.

The authors state that variations in the mineral contents may be a result of seasonal or other changes in the composition of raw milk or a result of mineral

addition during processing. The addition of neutralising when in the manufacture of Trufood Formula 4 increased the sodium concentration to twice that of undiluted cow's milk.

The authors recommend that details of the mineral content of these products should be stated in mg per 100g and mEq per kg on the container. Milk powders that reconstitute to a similar composition to cow's milk present large osmotic loads to the kidneys and may endanger water balance. This danger can be reduced by a greater dilution with water, and by making feeds half strength during minor illness when there is anorexia.

Good turn-out for UCA Executive meeting

Representatives from seven Ulster Chemists' Association Branches attending the Executive Committee meeting on April 3 were welcomed by the president, Mr J. McMillan, who said that he was delighted to see so many branches represented in view of the unsettled state of the Province.

Each representative reported on branch activities and it was agreed that although meetings had not been as frequent as in previous years they had been well attended and co-operation between members was well maintained. Social events had been well supported. The secretary, Mr C. S. Ritchie, read reports from two branches whose representatives had been unable to attend.

A resolution from the Mid-Ulster Branch

—"That in view of the importance of the safe delivery of invoices for VAT returns wholesalers should be asked to post there in future"—was discussed. Members fel that posting would not guarantee an improvement in the delivery of invoice and therefore the increased cost to the wholesalers would not be justified.

It was reported that the Ballymens health centre there was due to become operative on March 1, 1974, and Lurgan's representative said that a centre was being planned for the area but that at the moment the chemists did not intended participating.

The treasurer, Mr M. C. Mooney, reported on the financial situation of the Association and recommended that the member's subscription remain unchanged for the coming year. This was agreed.

Women on pill more likely to take risks

Women using oral contraceptives are more likely to smoke cigarettes than non-users according to Dr Clifford Kay, who is conducting the Royal College of General Practitioners' study in Manchester of about 23,000 married oral contraceptive users. At the Congress in Family Medicine. Westminster Hall, London last week, he suggested that women who take the pill are more likely to disregard the health risks of smoking and the smaller health risks of the pill.

The study began in 1968, with 1.500 doctors throughout the UK participating and will continue until at least 1976.

Statutory Committee warns n self-service medicines ontaining poisons

he sale of medicines containing poisons om self-service counters in pharmacies as strongly criticised by the statutory ommittee of the Pharmaceutical Society n Tuesday.

The Committee reprimanded Sheron hemists (Plaistow) Ltd, Terrace Road, and perintendent, Mr Manubhai Fulabhai atel, Grange Road, Ilford, who were concted at Stratford in September 1972, for elling codeine and Marzine tablets ithout the supervision of a registered harmacist.

Cautioning both against any repetition f the offence the chairman, Sir Gordon Villmer, said the committee thought the chibition of medicines containing poison n self-service counters, although not foridden was "a most undesirable practice."

"It came to me as a complete surprise, s a layman, to find that this is permissible t all. It may be that the subject is one nat the Council of the Society may like o consider for future reference," he said.

"But", he added, "let it be generally nown to the profession that the Comittee regards it as a highly unsatisfactory ractice.

Mr P. St John Howe, the Society's solicior, said the conviction followed test urchases made at the shop. The tablets ere sold by a young assistant while Mr atel was absent from the shop.

A Society inspector, Mr W. Rhodes, told e Committee he had earlier advised Mr atel to remove medicines containing oisons from the self-selection counters. Ir Patel had now removed them to the oorway of the dispensary and this was ie best arrangement that could be made ithin the premises.

Mr Patel said the offence occurred while e was at the bank. He rarely left the shop nd always had his lunch on the premises. le had dismissed the 16-vears-old girl ssistant, who had been with him only bout three weeks on trial, because he had istructed her and all his staff not to sell edicines containing poisons or to disense any prescriptions in his absence.

He said the self-sclection system was in peration when he went to the shop in 970. Medicines containing poison were ways near to the dispensary where he ould see them, but they were now kept n separate shelves in the entrance to the ispensary.

During the hearing of a case against Ir Michael Blackmore, superintendent harmacist, and Body's Pharmacy Ltd, eigh Road, Leigh-on-Sea, the inspector, Ir Rhodes, said Southend teenagers were aking Phensedyl cough linctus for "kicks". ts misuse was prevalent, he added.

The company had been fined £60 by lagistrates for selling Phensedyl without

the supervision of a pharmacist; and unlawfully supplying 28 Septrin tablets without the presence of a pharmacist.

Mr Rhodes said that on July 4, 1972 he visited the pharmacy, which was a busy dispensing and optical practice. A patient came in with a prescription and handed it to a female assistant, who dispensed it without referring to Mr Blackmore. Mr Rhodes said he bought some Phensedyl from an open display in front of the dispensary. He asked to see the pharmacist and had to wait 25 minutes before Mr Blackmore emerged from the sight-testing

He identified himself and discussed with Mr Blackmore the misuse of Phensedyl. "I asked him if he had sold very much and he replied he was not aware of it."

Mr Blackmore later produced the pres-

cription for 28 Septrin tablets. Mr Rhodes said Mr Blackmore told him that the shop closed between 1pm and 2pm. When it reopened, he went into the optical department and came out at 2.55pm. Mr Rhodes asked the assistant whether she had any instructions about the sale of substances containing poison and she did not appear to understand what he was talking about. The pharmacy had been taken over by another company but Mr Blackmore still carried on the optical side of the business.

Mr Blackmore told the Committee that while he was sight testing he used to come out at intervals to see what was being dispensed. Asked whether anything was dispensed without his seeing it he replied: "Yes, I am afraid it did." He admitted it was not an isolated case when Mr Rhodes called. "There had been previous occasions when things went out without my seeing them.

Sir Gordon Willmer said Mr Blackmore had given evidence with honesty and candour. The Committee was satisfied that since the unfortunate incident described by Mr Rhodes proper arrangements had been made to see that the Pharmacy Act and other Acts involving the sale of poisons had been properly carried out. Both the company and Mr Blackmore should be reprimanded and cautioned about any repetition.

Letters

VAT and oral contraceptives

Because of the excellent job you have done in producing your new Price List, it is difficult to strike a note of criticism. Nevertheless, I feel that you may have caused considerable confusion by the inclusion in Supplement no 3 of a list of VAT-inclusive prices for oral contraceptives.

The circumstances in which oral contraceptives will be sold at a price that includes VAT are so rare as to be virtually non-existent. The only one that comes to mind is the supply on a signed order to a doctor for use in his practice. On all other occasions a medical prescription will be issued, and the supply thus zero-rated.

May I suggest that a note of explanation be included in your next issue in order to clear up this confusion?

W. A. Beanland Rossendale, Lancs

Yes, delighted to do so. The final column in the Price List is headed "Retail price, including VAT" and therefore all manufacturers were asked to supply inclusive prices for that column. Some, however. submitted prices that were unchanged from those under the purchase tax system and these were accepted as if they had complied with our request.

When discrepancies between manufacturers who had complied and those who did not, were pointed out on publication, we issued amendment list 3 quoting prices for the oral contraceptives calculated on the same basis as the other products in the List, complying with the heading of the column and differentiating between "dispensing" and "retailing".

Furthermore, oral contraceptives are but a small group of the preparations controlled by Schedule 4 of the Poisons Rules that could be sold over the counter against signed orders.

We felt that consistency of approach to pricing would lead to a minimum of confusion and errors, and the "VAT-exclusive" price can be calculated simply by removing one-eleventh of the inclusive figure. This calculation is provided in table form by the ready-reckoner included in last week's C&D. Editor.

Coupons

My staff have just been instructed not to accept money-off coupons, for the simple reason that doing so would confuse the VAT situation which is difficult enough already.

I hope NPU takes a stiff line with manufacturers and indicates that any money given away must be by the manufacturer direct, such as the 10p-off Kotex scheme.

> A. G. Murdoch Mintlaw, Aberdeenshire

February sales

The retail sales indices for chemists in February were: all chemists 143 (+ 19 per cent) and independents 125 (+15 per cent). Figures for multiples and co-operatives were not available. The figures do not include NHS receipts.

by a rural area pharmacist

Holidaymakers' problems

Recent statements from the Pharmaceutical Society on forged prescriptions lead to some considerable difficulties for many pharmacists. I am not in any way suggesting that we should relax our vigilance over forgeries, but we must understand the very real problems general practice pharmacists have to face.

In the early part of the year a Council notice stated that "in some instances prescriptions of this kind have been accepted by pharmacists even though the address of the alleged prescriber and patient were not in the same district as the pharmacy." This presumably referred to barbiturates.

Now my business is a county one in a holiday area and in the summer months half my prescriptions come from outside my area. Many of these are for barbiturates-to suggest that we ring round the county for every one is clearly impractical and the alternative suggestion that we refer them to a local doctor is not really on firstly because it would overload him, secondly because he might not readily be available, and thirdly for the very mercenary reason that he is a dispensing doctor and would dispense for the patient himself (it's bad enough to have to contend with dispensing doctors at all, without referring those scripts you do get to them.)

Crumbs from the table

C&D readers know that dispensing doctors dispense for patients living more than a mile from the pharmacy. But they may not realise that in the case of temporary residents, they can dispense for those living next door to the pharmacy. We have, half a mile from us, a very large caravan park which takes hundreds of residents a week, but from which we never see a prescription—well hardly ever! There is the occasional "hard to get" item which the doctor doesn't dispense and condescends to let us have. Surely if we have to have this wretched mile limit, it should apply to temporary as well as permanent residents, otherwise I can see the definition of the word temporary being "used" by dispensing committees, to extend doctor dispensing during the summer.

One of our most eommon problems arises on Saturday afternoons when the new holidaymakers arrive. The first thing they discover is that they have forgotten the "pill". Worse still they have left their prescription at home. The scenes in the shop really are something to behold—ranging from threats to bribery and the sobbing "You will ruin our holiday if you don't let us have it." We explain the law, we tell them to contact a local doctor (not very easy on a Saturday afternoon to put it mildly). We offer them alternative methods of contraception—often not satisfactory really. Other than a printed

warning on every box of the pill stating "Please do not forget to take this packet on holiday with you", I can see no answer to the problem, until a really safe overthe-counter pill arrives.

Wholesalers in our district serve us very well and without their twice a day delivery in this rural area we could never meet the tremendous variety of drugs which we require to fill the prescriptions of holidaymakers, nor hope to meet the orders from the local specialists for products which our doctors rarely use. Most county phar macies fall into the smallest group of accounts as far as dispensing is concerned and without this excellent service from the wholesalers would be forced to carral quite uneconomically high stock and still be unable to meet many scripts.

One complaint though, is that Satur days—when the aforementioned holiday makers arrive, we can only get a deliver if we order by 9.30 am. This means that if we are out of an item on a form presented after say 10 am we eannot dispensit until the following Monday afternoon—which is not good enough in many cases Some wholesalers offer to send the item on a local bus, but this is very hit and mis and as often as not the conductor forget to collect the parcel.

I know there is a constant plea for a shorter working week, but in many area Saturday is the busiest day and we do need a wholesale service.

Valuation of goodwill

by John Lymester

The most difficult asset for any trader to value is goodwill, but it is normally only necessary to value goodwill if a business is being bought or sold, or on the death of an owner, partner or shareholder, and then it is often not specifically mentioned as such, but included as part of the general purchase price.

Goodwill is, of course, the excess of the purchase price over the difference between the assets and liabilities which are taken over. When a business is being purchased it is essential to verify that the price paid for the goodwill is not excessive.

Goodwill depends on a number of factors, including the period for which the business has been established, the locality in which it is established, the trend of the profits, the trend of the turnover and whether the owner is retiring or leaving the district. Actually, goodwill is the good name of the business and the fact that customers will come again.

Many methods are suggested for the valuation of goodwill, including a number of years purchase of the profits or a number of years purchase of the turnover, but in my opinion, none of these methods should be adopted, but the goodwill should be valued on the basis of "super profits". These are the profits remaining after charging a reasonable salary for the owner, the partners or the directors of the business, and after deducting interest on capital and allowing for any special circumstances.

The number of years purchase taken in the case of valuation on the basis of super profits depends on the circumstances of the business, but if the circumstances are all favourable it is ten. Thus the super profits are calculated and ten times this value is the goodwill.

The example in col 3 shows how a business partnership might be valued upon the sale to a limited company.

The amount of goodwill is divided between the partners in the ratio in which they share profits. In the case of a sole trader, if he is assisted by his wife or any other member of the family, a deduction is made in respect of the salary which would normally have to be paid for the services rendered and an adjustment also made for any private living expenses which have been charged in the business accounts.

In the case of a limited company, directors salaries, fees, etc, are added back and the amount charged is that which they would normally earn if employed by a concern in which they have no interest. Of course, in the case of a limited company it is usual to take over the shares of the limited company and the goodwill figure in such circumstances is added to the assets shown in the balance sheet to increase the net assets of the company and the shares valued according to the resultant figure.

It will be appreciated that in the case of the normal small business being bought or sold, that the price paid for the goodwill depends considerably on the desire of the buyer to buy and the seller to sell, and is a matter of bargaining.

Net profits for the year to

October 31. 1968	£3,060
Net profits for the year to	
October 31. 1969	£4,127
Net profits for the year to	
October 31, 1970	£4.053
Net profits for the year to	
October 31. 1971	£4,172
Net profits for the year to	
October 31, 1972	£4.538
Total	£19,950
Average net profits	£3,990
Less salaries to partner A £1,800	
and B £1.040	£2.840
	£1.150
Less interest on capital,	

8 per cent on £8,000 £640
Average super profits £510
Goodwill equals £510 x 10,
that is . . . £5,100

ITAMINS UP

ondon, April 11. Sharp rises in the rices of several imported vitamins have esulted from the hardening of the Swiss anc against sterling. These include vitains B₁, B₆, E, calcium pantothenate and cotinic acid. Against this trend, niconamide was reduced.

Cream of tartar was advanced following ost increases imposed by European anufacturers and the suppliers are oubtful about holding the new price in ew of the currency situation.

Among crude drugs, Cape aloes beame available spot. Firmer were bellaonna root, hydrastis, tonquin beans, ben-<mark>oin and lemon peel. In essential oils,</mark> ois de rose was again quoted; Bourbon <mark>eranium was dearer but citronella, anise</mark> nd petitgrain were reduced.

harmaceutical chemicals:

cetomenaphthone: 100-kg lots £5·64½ kg. scorbic acid: £2:45 kg; 5-kg £2:51; sodium scorbate, plus £0:23; coated, plus £0:10 kg. alcium carbonate: BP precipitated £49 per metric

<mark>alcium gluconate:</mark> 250-kg lots £0[.]63 kg. a<mark>icium lactate:</mark> 250-kg £412 per metric ton. alcium pantothenate: £3:60 kg; 5-kg £3:57 kg alcium sodium lactate: £0 709 kg in 50-kg lots. icotinamide: (Per kg) 1-kg £2·30; 5-kg £2·27. icotinic acid: (Per kg) 1-kg £2·37; 50-kg £2·34. -Panthenol: £9-kg; 5-kg £8·50 kg.

niamine hydrochloride: £7.09 kg; 5-kg £6.84 kg itamin A: Oily 1 mu iu per g £5:30 kg; 5-kg £5:20 g; dried acetate 325,000 iu per g £3:48 kg; 00,000 iu £4·55.

itamin D: Powder for tableting 850,000 iu per g,

17 88 kg; 5-kg £17 78 kg. itamin E: (per kg) £6 94; 5-kg lots £6 91.

rude drugs

conite: Spot £1,125 metric ton; £1,000, cif. gar: (lb) Nominally £3:50 kg. loes: (metric ton) Cape, £410 spot; £380 cif

ominal, Curacao £700 spot; £635, cif.

alsams (kg) Canada £4:50 spot nominal; shipent £4:35, cif. Cobaiba: BPC £1:20 Para, £0:90.

eru: £2:00, £1:95, cif. Tolu: BP £1:70, spot
elladonna: (metric ton) leaves £320 spot; £315
if. Herb £250; £225, cif. Root, £410 spot; £390

f nominal. enzoin: BPC £46.50 to £53 cwt spot; £46.52, cif. uchu: Spot, old crop £2·25 kg; new crop £2·20,

ydrastis: Spot £3:30 lb; £3:15 cif.

emon peel: Shipment £460 metric ton, cif. £470 pot, nominal.

ycopodium: Indian £4.75 kg; Canadian £5.10 kg.

lace: Grenada No. 1 £1,960 long ton.

enthol: (kg) Chinese spot £6.50; shipment £6.30, if. Brazilian spot £3.75; £3.55, cif.

Nux vomica: Shipment £100 metric ton, cif. Pepper: (ton) Sarawak black March-April £417 50, cif; white £590, cif.

Pimento: Jamaican £830 long ton, cif, nominal Podophyllum: Emodi £325 metric ton, cif; £345

Quillala: £900 metric ton nominal. Rhubarb: From £0:30 to £1:50 lb. Saffron: Mancha superior £84 kg. Sarsaparilla: Spot £1:40 kg; £1:25 cif.
Senega: Canadian £1:90 lb spot nominal.

Senna: Alexandrian h/p £180 metric ton; manufacturing nominal.

Squill: White spot £340 metric ton nominal.

Styrax: £2:30 lb spot; £2:25, cif.

Tonquin beans: Spot £870 metric ton; no ship-

Valerian: (metric ton) Indian £310 spot; £290, cif. Waxes: (ton) Bees; nominal. Candelilla £570 on spot; £545, cif. Carnauba prime yellow, spot £715; £675, cif; fatty grey £405; £375, cif. Witchhazel leaves: Spot £800 metric ton nominal.

Essential oils

Anise: Chinese spot £2; forward £1.85 kg, cif.

Bois de rose: £6.70 kg spot; £5.87, cif. Clove: Madagascar leaf £1.70 cif. English-distilled

bud £17:50

Citronella: Ceylon spot not quoted; £1.70 kg, cif. Geranium: (kg) Bourbon £17.50; Congo £14.

Petitgrain: Spot £6.50; cif £5.90 kg.

Sandalwood: Mysore spot £14.25; East Indian for

shipment not quoted.

Equipment

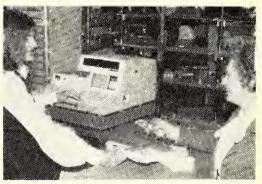
Computer terminal

A mini-computer cash till is now in use in a new store opened recently in Berkshire. The system is made by National Cash Register, and the 280 retail terminal, which is also a till, is sited at a central cash and wrap area. The terminal guides the operator through even the most complex transactions, and passes on the information gathered by wires to a data collector which stores it on a magnetic tape. This tape is then transferred to a computer which processes the information and produces stock control and turnover figures and automatically reorders any items low in stock.

The cost depends upon the installation and the minimum system is composed of 12 terminals and one data collector. This could be a viable unit in a large store or small chain of stores, say NCR. Larger

systems could incorporate an in-store computer and also a light pen system. The latter is in use in stores in America where special labels are printed on the goods, and the light pen is passed over these, transferring the information into the terminal. This can also be used for name badges to calculate commission, and account cards for credit.

An NCR 280 retail terminal in use at Bentall's new Bracknell store. The panel contains the code information; code and cash figures and instructions to the operator are displayed on the black panel above



Coming events

Monday, April 16

Chester Branch, Pharmaceutical Society, Grosvenor Hotel, Chester, at 8 pm. Annual meeting and talk by Mr J. G. Roberts (a member of Council).

Enfield Pharmacists' Association, Postgraduate medical education centre, Chase Farm Hospital, at 7.45 pm, Mrs J. Burnby on "History of pharmacy in Enfield".

Finchley Branch, Pharmaceutical Society, Council chambers, Avenue House, East End, Finchley, London N3, at 7.45 pm. Annual meeting and English country cheeses tasting session (National Dairy Council)

Romford Branch Pharmaceutical Society, Speights restaurant, Gidea Park, at 7.30 pm. Annual meeting.

Tuesday, April 17 Doncaster and Goole Branch, National Pharmaceutical Union, Danum Hotel, Doncaster, at 8 pm. Mr D. Royce (a member of NPU Executive) on "Reorganisation of the Health Service'

Epsom and Sutton Branch, Pharmaceutical Society, Bourne Hall, Ewell, at 8 pm. Annual

Lanarkshire Branch, Pharmaceutical Society, Nurses' recreation hall, Strathclyde Hospital, Motherwell, at 7.30 pm. Annual meeting. Leicestershire Branch Pharmaceutical Society, Postgraduate medical centre, Leicester Royal Infirmary, at 8 pm. Annual meeting.

Nottingham Branch, Pharmaceutical Society, Newark, at 8 pm. Discussion on "Diseases of the chest in childhood"

Plymouth Branches, Pharmaceutical Society and National Pharmaceutical Union, Visit to Stuarts Photo Works, Plymouth, at 7.30 pm.

Teesside Branch, Pharmaceutical Society, Marton Hotel and Country Club, Middlesbrough, at 8 pm. Annual meeting.

West Kent Branch, Pharmaceutical Society, Wellcome Research Laboratories, Langley Court, Beckenham, at 8 pm. Mr J. C. Bloomfield (a member of Council) on "Reorganisation of the National Health Service'

Yorkshire Branch, Guild of Hospital Pharmacists, Cairn Hotel, Harrogate, at 7.30 pm. Mr R. Patterson on "Cloth of York".



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Applications naming two referees to the Personnel Officer, Administrative Office, Bow Arrow Hospital, Dartford, Kent. Closing date 27th April, 1973.

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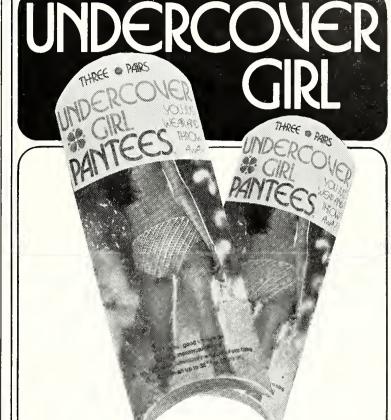
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2 whole pages Vogue Woman & Home 2 half pages Radio Times 4 half pages 4 half pages TV Times 4 half pages Weekend

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PHILIPS

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ue for money.



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A many splendoured spring



Illustration courtesy of Revlon



Illustration courtesy of Elizabeth Arden



Illustration courtesy of Innoxa

So spring is with us once again—with all the usual symptoms of restlessness, remorse over last winter's flab and dissatisfaction with last winter's make-up. Fortunately there has been a rash of spring looks launched by various cosmetic houses—with something to suit everyone! The overall theme is freshness and femininity and the "look" can be summarised as follows: pale, pearly pink face, softly-coloured eyes with the return of eyeliner—not as we remember it however—which is harsh and startling but toning with the eyeshadow, matching mascara, clear cool lipstick and pretty pink or peach nail colours.

Serge Lutens at Christian Dior is the exception to the general concensus. He summarises his 1973 look as "mysterious with a small head, huge eyes, intense mouth and swan neck".

English with continental overtones sums up Innoxa's Capital Look. The creator used porcelain-coloured foundation topped with luminous powder, rose highlighter, soft grey eyeshadow used in various depths on the lid and brow bone, dark grey mascara and a bright, glossy lipstick.

Elizabeth Arden claim their Just Peachy face reflects "the fresh beauty of spring and pretty-pastel fashions". New Flawless Finish makeup in Softly Beige was applied to the face, Colour Veil in Arctic pink to the cheeks, Powderfrost eyeshadow in terracotta on lids and up to brow and Ultrafrost in peachtree beneath the brow to highlight, very brown Creamy Lash Colour for lashes and Silk Rose Naturally Moist lipcolour.

Back to class

With all this fresh feminity around its

This is the look for spring as interpreted by Serge Lutens at Christian Dior. Reminiscent of the Twenties "Vamp", the face is pale with "sooty" eyes dominated with green, violet or brown eyeshadow, and the mouth is well defined with one of the reds from Christian Dior's new lip and nail colours range called Les Aventureux.



5 10

Beauty Business

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no wonder many of the cosmetic house are harking back to schooldays for inspiration! The pencils, pens and crayons the were thrown away in such gay abandon ar now making a comeback. Gala recent introduced the Eye Pen, based on the successful Lip Pen which was also "resurected". Now we have Miners' Chal Sticks, Mary Quant's Crayon Stick with seven new colours added to the range, Arden's Creative Colouring Pencils, Orlane's Radiant Eye Pencils, Rim mel's Eye Crayon collection and Outdoo Girl's Jumbo range.

Versatility is the main feature of al these "sticks"—they can be used anywher and everywhere—to colour, highlight define, outline, shade and even tattoo!

Calling all feet

The subject of feet usually produces some very odd reactions, the principal one being embarrassed laughter. But then something that is so often referred to as tootsies pinkies, plates of meat and dogs is difficult to take seriously! What is needed is re-education, a sort of "Feet are beautiful" campaign.

With this in mind Scholl are offering all chemists and assistants in the UK a treatment at one of their many salons for 50p off the usual treatment price. They hope this will demonstrate how pleasant and relaxing these treatments can be as well as how their products should be used. Those interested in taking advantage of this offer should write to Mrs Renske Mann, publicity manager, Scholl UK Ltd, 182 St John Street, London EC1 for a voucher worth 50p.

Editor: A. Wright

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stration courtesy of Yardley

o begin it is helpful to know that your skin is the largest ingle organ in your whole body and that, if you could weigh separately, it would account for about six pounds of your stal weight. Stretched over her frame every woman has something like 20 square feet of skin varying in texture and a thickness from about one-fiftieth to one-eighth of an sich. Well worth looking after! The more you know about kin the more you will be able to recognise quickly the arious types of skin and the more easily you will be able to ive authoritative advice on skin care.

All identification is important, but hat you need to know first of all is the orking of the two main types of skin ands which will make a skin "dry" or oily" or something in between.

There are sweat glands which help to iminate waste from the body in the form perspiration and whose activity is affected by heat, mental excitement or strengus exercise, and there are the sebaceous ands which secrete an odourless and plourless oily substance, called sebum, hich makes a protective coating to keep e skin pliable and soft. It is the amount secretion from the sebaceous glands that etermines the two most usual skin types. ver-active sebaceous glands tend to cause ly skins, and under-active ones can cause by skins.

Basically there is a simple rule-of-three skin care that must be followed twice a

day with regularity to ensure that one's complexion is kept in tip-top condition; and this trio is: cleanse, tone and nourish. But the kind of products that are used to perform this regular ritual must vary according to the individual skin type.

Oily skins

If the skin is naturally oily or greasy it tends to be more coarsely textured than a drier skin. It is recognised by a decidedly shiny surface, open pores, an inclination to sallowness and proneness to blemishes like blackheads and pimples.

Cleanse an oily skin with a brisk soapand-water lathering, followed by a light tonic cleanser. Stimulate it with an astringent lotion to close the pores and nourish it sparingly with a light cream.

Special recommendations must be to watch diet, and cut down on all fried food,

MAKING THE BEST OF SKIN

By Elizabeth Anderson

oily dressings, rich sauces, sweets and desserts which seem to only aggravate the skin,

Dry skins

Dry skins can be easily recognised by their taut, stretched feeling, and by a tendency to harsh flakiness and a papery texture inclined to show tiny lines.

Cleanse a dry skin always with a lush cleansing cream or bland lotion removed with tissues. (Never use soap on a dry skin).

Stimulate it with a freshener or gentle toner and nourish it nightly with a good rich skin food. Remember that a "papery" dry skin showing tiny lines is usually an indication of lack of moisture, whilst a flaky skin with an inclination towards crepy patches is usually a symptom of lack of oil.

Combination skins

Complexions with an oily panel running down the centre of the face from forehead to chin but with cheeks dry and normal are known as combination skins.

Cleanse these with soap and water, and stimulate with a splash of cold water laced with a dash of astringent. Nourish the dry parts only with a good skin food. A dual programme of treatment is needed to combine the routines applicable to both oily and dry skins but, as combination skins seem specially prone to blackheads, evasive action should be taken against these.

Normal skins

Normal skins should be recognised with delight for they present no special problems, but this should not mean that they can be neglected or a dry skin problem could easily become the result!

These easy-to-love skins should be cleansed with soap and water in the morning, and with soap and water followed by a cleansing cream at night. They need stimulating with mild astringent lotion and nourished with a light cream.

Sensitive skins

A sensitive skin is readily identified by its fine texture, a slightly florid cast and a tendency to broken veins.

Cleanse with a bland and preferably unperfumed cream, and stimulate with extreme care with a skin tonic diluted with cold water. Nourish it generously and often with a really rich cream. Sensitive skins are the most prone to allergies towards cosmetics so it would be wise in this case to recommend one of the hypo-allergenic range of skin care ranges.

Ageing skins

Recognise an ageing skin by its greyish, dull cast and its parchment like texture.

Cleanse an ageing skin with a rich cleansing cream and stimulate it with a tonic lotion. It will need nourishing generously and regularly with a rich cream. A massage cream used a couple of times a week is a worthwhile bonus.

Battery of skin beauty

There is such a wide range of skin care cosmetics now available on the market that some customers may need a little help. They may be confused about the exact function of each cream and lotion. The following is a brief glossary of some of the terms in fairly general use.

Astringent. This word is derived from the Latin—astringere—which means "to pull together", and this is just what an astringent does to relaxed and open pores. Like its milder versions, skin freshener or tonic lotion, an astringent is used to tone skin after it has been deep-cleansed.

Suggested products: Max Factor's Normalizing facial tonic is good for all skin types. Charles of the Ritz new Liqui-Fresh. Outdoor Girl Double Life Two Way Toner. Innoxa's Orange and Almond Translucent Toner.

Cleansing Cream tends to be much thicker and richer than other varieties of cleanser usually because it often contains animal fat (mostly lanolin) and is therefore suitable for normal/dry/sensitive skins.

Suggested products: Dorothy Gray's Natural Wheat Germ Cleansing Cream. Pond's Cold Cream. Coty's Avocado Cleansing Creme.

Cleaning grains should be used to cleanse skins with open pores. Added to water they are used to friction the skin into "deepdown" cleanliness, and they are also helpful in the battle against blackheads or goose pimples.

Suggested products: Max Factor Swedish Formula purified cleansing grains. Helena Rubinstein Bio-Clear washing grains. Dorothy Gray Young & Lovely cleansing grains.

Cleansing milks are a quick, light cleanser which should be used on greasy/combination skins as they can sometimes be rather sharp and drying for other skin types.

Suggested products: Anne French deep cleansing milk. Delph cleansing milk. Innoxa cleansing milk. Lempak cleansing lotion, Max Factor's deep milky



Illustration courtesy of Dorothy Gray

cleanser. Danusa's Lipoprotein cleansing

Cover-Up creams do just as they promise, cover up minor blemishes or dark circles under the eyes. They should be applied to the skin over a light moisturiser and will blend in with the chosen foundation.

Suggested products: Orlane's Anti-Cerne. Max Factor's Erace. Bonne Bell's White White. Rimmel's Hide and Heal. Dorothy Gray's Heal and Conceal Stick.

Enzyme creams contain active materials which stimulate the skin's reproductive cells into action. Read the directions with care on any pack as some of these creams should not be used too often.

Suggested products: Juvena's Juvenance skin rejuvenator. Lancôme's Creme Stimulante. Estee Lauder's Re-Nutriv cream. Fontarel's Creme Riche.

Eye Creams are formulated especially for the delicate skin around the eyes where the use of ordinary nourishing creams often prove too heavy and can cause puffiness.

Suggested products: Charles of the Ritz eye oil treatment stick. Dorothy Gray eye beauty cream. Coty overnight eye cream. Firming Creams or Lotions are claimed to help a skin to retain its youthful elasticity.

Suggested products: Elizabeth Arden's



Illustration courtesy of Bonne Bell

A new concept in skincare is Well Spring from Bonne Bell Cosmetics which can either be used on its own as a soothing skin emollient to cleanse and moisturise the skin or mixed with fresh fruit, vegetable, milk, raw egg and even yoghourt to blend your own special skin preparation.

Firmo-Lift special salon treatment oil Charles of the Ritz Firmessence cream. Hormone creams have been the subject o some controversy but, creams containing a controlled amount of synthetic hormones are believed to be beneficial to a skill which is beginning to show signs of ageing However, be careful to recommend only hormone creams from cosmetic companie enjoying a good reputation.

Suggested products: Dorothy Gray' Cellogen cream. Revlon's Eterna 27.

Humectants, or moisturisers, should be par of any woman's daily skin care routinonce the teen years are past. They are thagents which attract as well as retain mois ture so helping to maintain an even mois ture balance on the skin. One of the mos common ingredients of an humectant i glycerin.

Suggested products: Innoxa's orange and almond translucent moisturiser. Dorothy Gray's Secret of the Sea cream. Revlon's Moon Drops under makeup moisture base Coty's Equatone moisture multiplier.

Liquefying cleansing cream is usually semi transparent and often lightly tinted which appears transparent when applied to the face. Recommended for greasy or combination skins as this type of cleanser is usually based on mineral oils which can not be absorbed into the skin to any great degree.

Lipids are moisturisers with a 'plus'. They are the natural oils contained in the skin's sebum and fight the results of skin dehydration.

Suggested products: Yardley's recent range of nature lipid products—cream concentrate, lotion moisturiser and cleansing milk.

Silicones are protective ingredients used in skin creams as well as hand creams to help guard the skin against the elements.

Throat creams are designed specifically to care for the skin of the throat which is coarser and thicker than that of the complexion. They are generally of a rather heavy consistency and need to be well massaged in, which in itself exercises and firms the muscles of the neck.

Suggested products: Guerlain's Creme Pour le Cou. Revlon's Eterna 27 throat cream. Max Factor's Geminesse throat cream. Innoxa's throat cream with Amalene. Cyclax Neojuven neck firming cream. Vitamin creams are basically a nourishing cream with certain essential vitamins which the skin is said to benefit from if deficient.

Suggested products: Dorothy Gray's Extra Rich Night Cream (vitamin A), Max Factor's Velvety Night Cream (vitamins A, D) and Coty's Airspun Avocado Night Creme (vitamins B, C, D).

The allergy problem

Some skins develop an allergy to a specific beauty preparation. Fundamentally the word allergy means "altered reactivity" and is used when the tissues of the body react more strongly than is normal to an irritant. One of the most common causes of an allergy is the use of perfume in cosmetics. An allergic reaction can result when a chemical (allergen) meets a substance (antibody) which is produced by the body to react against it. Because these antibodies are carried by the white blood cells, the lymphocytes, they can be brought to whatever part of the skin the offending chemical is applied.

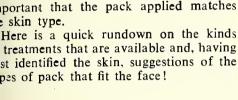
However, these days there is now no

eat problem here. Several companies ecialise in producing pure skin care items d colour cosmetics. Almay and Innoxa hose trade name, incidentally, originated om a play on the word "innocuous") both ve a wide range of non-allergic cosmetics. izabeth Arden has a series of preparans under the name Special Blend which e formulated without a trace of perfume, d Max Factor's Swedish formula hypoergenic treatment collection is now being tended this month to include a Hypolergenic makeup collection.

ace packs

very type of skin benefits from a regular e of a face pack or mask, but it is most portant that the pack applied matches

treatments that are available and, having st identified the skin, suggestions of the



Dry Skin orothy Gray's Secret

of the Sea mask vlon's Moisturising honey mask

Blemished Skin

ast-Pac's Acne mmel's oatmeal beauty pack



Helena Rubinstein's special pore mask Christy's Lempak beauty

Older Skin

Innoxa's Living Peach vitamin beauty mask Helena Rubinstein's skin

Sallow Skin

Illustration courtesy of Mary Quant

Elizabeth Arden's antibrown mask Innoxa white mask facial

Young Skin

Rimmel's Herbal Mask for greasy skin Cyclax Medicated Night Mask

Any skin-type pick up mask

Revlon's stimulating mint masque Mary Quant's new Special Recipe herbal vaporiser and face pack Gala of London's face lift: a special instant mask that tightens pores and stimulates circulation. Anne French Glow 5 beauty mask

Product round-up

et's finish with a round-up of some of e newest products on the market designed th skin care in mind. Some of these items e already with us, others will be making eir debut within the next few weeks.

For instance, look out for Dorothy ray's addition to their Satura range tura Silky Skin. This pink, pearlised tion is basically a moisturiser and can be ed from top-to-toe to give the skin a conderful silky softness". It is also to recommended for use after swimming d sunbathing and, as it comes in a lighteight plastic flask with a full-fitting gilt rew cap, it is ideal for holiday packing. Mary Quant Special Recipes skin care oducts are said to be "crammed full of untry goodness" to protect and cherish e skin, and the latest additions include orning Moisture, a toning lotion, cold eam and an excellent combination of erbal Vaporiser and face pack.

Each of the Special Recipes collection ntain the same kind of ingredients that r greatgrandmother used—nature's own medies against the ills that can beset the in. Special Recipes Morning Moisture epares the skin for cosmetics and the day lead and is a rich, natural moisturiser ade from oils and extracts and honey.

It should be followed with the toning lotion which boasts honey, almond oil and witch hazel together with extracts of chamomile, coltsfoot, marshmallow, milfoil and sage amongst its ingredients. The Special Recipes cold cream is a good cleansing, skin-softening, old fashioned product which has been up-dated by the inclusion of honey, almond oil, wheatgerm oil, beeswax and again extracts of chamomile, coltsfoot, sage and marshmallow. Quant is also responsible for Soft Scrub which they recommend for deep-down cleansing of skins exposed to city grime and pollution.

Coty's Air Spun Avocado series has been extended by their Avocado Refining Mask which is "rich in avocado oils and vitamins" and leaves the skin with a smoother, finer texture as it loosens and removes blackheads and imbedded dust, and helps to restore, tone and relax tired lines. It can be recommended for any skin type.

The New Year saw the launch of Revlon's Fresh Face from Natural Wonder. Fresh Face is a double purpose lotion. It cleanses and tones and it's meant to supplement daily morning and evening cleansing sessions. It is a fast clean-and-tone-up to be used anytime during the day to remove surface dirt and make-up, plus excess oils. The Fresh Face range, like so many of today's cosmetics, contains natural extracts of natural ingredients. Choose from Cucumber Fresh Face, which is a cool and salady green, Strawberry Fresh Face, which smells good enough to eat, Peach Fresh Face or Honey and Almond.

Helena Rubinstein now include in their Skin Life range a light textured night cream with a high absorption rate—Skin Life Souffle Night Cream. This cream is based on the same highly beneficial "biogenic ingredients" for which Skin Life has already become known. It has been formulated as a biological treatment which actively rejuvenates the skin cells. Also from Helena Rubinstein is Skin Dew gentle foaming cleanser-a light, pearly pink preparation which is used with water to cleanse the skin. Because it contains no soap the skin doesn't feel taut and look "flaky" after its use, so one can still enjoy the fresh clean feel of water without the risk of drying the skin.

Most of the houses marketing make-up including moisture-based creamy foundations these days. Elizabeth Arden's offering in this field is called Flawless Finish and has the added plus of coming with its own sponge applicator which gives control of coverage—sheer to not-so-sheer
—according to the requirements of the individual skin. For sheerest coverage it lends just a suggestion of foundation and cover, but for skins needing more coverage to hide imperfections, tone down too ruddy a complexion or liven up a pale one, it can be applied once, allowed to dry, and then reapplied to provide a perfect natural finish. Flawless Finish is available in eight shades from cool pale Porcelain Beige to deep bronze Toasty Beige for the richly tanned.

Quickies addition

Last, but not least, with the thought of holidays in mind, there is a welcome addition to the Quickies range-Quickies Cologne tissues. These sachets come twelve to a carton, and each sachet contains a fragrant ever-moist tissue to cleanse and soothe a fevered brow or clean up hot and sticky hands.



There used to be only a small choice in good dry hair products.



There used to be.

Over the years Vitapointe Conditioner has been the best product you could sell for dry hair.

That's why it's brand leader in the hair conditioner market.

Now, Vitapointe have a whole range of products specifically for dry hair.

A new Moisturising Shampoo, an After-Shampoo Conditioner, and of course Vitapointe Conditioner.

There's a big TV campaign backing the Moisturising Shampoo that will reach 9 out of 10 of your customers in the summer months.

And advertising for the Conditioner will be seen throughout the year in all the major women's magazines.

Along with all this will be colourful display and promotional material.

So from now on, for those one in three women with dry hair, the choice of good dry hair products will be larger.

And so will your profits.

Vitapointe. We take good care of dry hair.

TECHNICAL SERIES — 3

ALL ABOUT TALC

WEAT IT IS

Talc is found in nature—all we have to do is purify it before we put it into our toiletries. Seen under a microscope, it appears as flat, smooth, plate-like particles, and it is these slipping over each other that gives the talc its silky feel.

VARIETIES

There are a number of different grades and varieties but the best is the deep mined tale which comes mainly from Italy. The mineral tale is distinguished from most others by its extreme softness. It occurs in several textures and colours including white, grey, yellow and shades of green with a pearly lustre. One variety, Soapstone, so called because of its soapy feel, is coarsely granular and greenish grey.

FISTORY

Soapstone has been used since ancient times for carving. Assyrian cylinder seals, Egyptian scarabs and Chinese figure carvings are notable examples.

The use of talc in beauty is relatively recent. It appears that it came on to the cosmetic scene only about 70 years ago, beginning as Borated talcum infant powder. Talc has greatly improved since those early days, and its soothing and fragrance qualities are today appreciated by adults as well as babies.

C500SING

A high quality tale is pure white and finely textured. Pour some onto the back of the hand to test; it feels smooth and silky. Poorer grade talcum is often greyish in colour and may feel coarse and gritty to the touch, while too lustrous an appearance can indicate insufficient grinding.

Another way that tale is checked for quality is to see how much of it dissolves in hydrochloric acid. Only a very little should, because it is the insoluble part that has the good lubricant properties. Also, an excess of acid soluble material will quickly spoil most perfumes and often cause discolouration.

Because powders can occupy different volumes depending on how tightly they are packed together, the cosmetics manufacturer also needs to specify the density—that is the "lightness"—of the talc he wants to buy.

Talcum powder usually contains other ingredients. To increase absorbency starch or light magnesium carbonate may be used. The latter can also contribute to the lightness of texture and to some extent

reduces any tendency for the powder to pack-down in the container.

Apart from perfumes other additives might be precipitated chalk, zinc oxide and a group of substances called stearates. The stearates are intended to improve the way the powder "sticks" to the body.

It has been suggested that dusting powders for after-bath should preferably be lighter and more absorbent than talc for general use. The perfume should also be carefully chosen and included with restraint, because moist warm skin is more susceptible to the irritation perfumes can cause in some people.

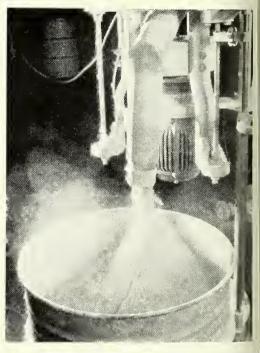
Because of the particular conditions under which talcum powders are used, conditions of heat, moisture and friction against the skin caused by the movement of clothing, it is particularly important that all ingredients are innocuous to the skin.

Correctly formulated powders have a cooling effect on the body. This is because their many particles provide an over-all surface exposed to the air, which can carry the heat away. The same effect is seen with calamine lotion—the water dries away, leaving the cooling powder behind.

It is desirable that all ingredients of natural origin should be examined for bacteria. Sterilisation of suspect materials, either in their raw or finished state, may be carried out by various means. Either raw materials or the final product may be so treated.

In the production process, tale intended for cosmetic or medicinal uses is first freed from limestone, marble or similar impurities. It is then broken down into small lumps which can be fed into a disintegrator and ground into a fine powder. A strong current of air carries the finest particles of powder upwards into a vertical pipe, from which they are led into a receiver.

After adding perfume and other ingredients the powdered tale is thoroughly mixed and sifted before packing into its final containers.



Above, powder being sifted to produce the right degree of "fineness" and below, the filling line at the Yardley UK factory at Basildon in Essex.



18 million holiday makers will thank you for reading this advertisement.

That's how many suffered from sunburn on holiday in 1972 even though they may have used an existing suntan preparation.

Because until now there has not been a really effective sunburn preventative.

Now there is.

It is called Sylvasun.

Everyone has a natural skin protective reaction against the burning rays of the sun, but in many people it builds up too slowly to prevent burning.

Sylvasun are vitaminised tablets that help prevent the miseries of sunburn by speeding up the body's own natural defences against the sun.

When exposed to intensive sunshine, the skin responds to the ultra-violet radiation in two ways.

It produces the dark pigment, melanin, which shows as a tan, and it thickens itself into a more efficient protective layer.

The Vitamin A in Sylvasun accelerates this thickening effect, and the calcium ingredient indirectly promotes melanin formation.

As reported in the Practitioner in May 1971, Sylvasun has been successfully tested on 1600 BOAC/BEA airline employees.

Of those persons who had suffered severely or moderately from sunburn in the past, 90 per cent were improved after taking Sylvasun.

Additionally, Sylvasun has been used to good effect by a wide variety of sportsmen, including our Olympic athletes, the English World Cup Football team in Mexico, 1970, and the MCC teams touring abroad.

This year, so that these 18 million holidaymakers will know about Sylvasun before they enter your shop, we are spending more money advertising it on television than has ever been spent on a sun preparation before.

We're also taking full colour pages in holiday brochures.

And display material along with window and till stickers are all available.

And there are special bonuses which can give you a profit of over 50 per cent.

So your customers won't be the only people pleased that you've read this advertisement.



Sylvasun. Helps stop you burning while you tan.

Chefaro Proprietaries Limited, Crown House, Morden, Surrey. 01-542 3402.

Wella-HIPCE

We're getting together to giv

There's a boom in hair conditioners. Wella is — and intends to stay — brand leader in chemists.

We're going to be the biggest ever brand name advertising hair care in IPC magazines. Millions of women will get the message—but it's up to you to make sure they get the products. Display them. You'll sell them. The Big Plus will see to that.

IPC Women's Magazines where women get the message



he BIG Plus

e Big Plus to your business





Healthy well-shaped nails do not happen overnight. They require attention, persistence and—most of all—patience. It takes three to five months for a fingernail to reproduce, but take comfort from the fact that toenails grow much more slowly—needing from 10 to 18 months! It is not too difficult to recommend therapeutic products to a woman wanting to improve the condition of her nails. What is more difficult is persuading that woman to persist and not become discouraged. The results are well worth waiting for



What is commonly referred to as the nail is, in fact, only part of the whole. The correct term is the nail plate which, with the lunula (or half-moon), is the only portion of the nail that can be seen. This nail plate is composed of layers of dead cells sandwiched together with pockets of oil and moisture to keep it supple and give it resilience. The moisture tends to decrease with age (as in the skin) and sometimes at one of those strange moments when the nail plate appears to be dry and flakey for no apparent reason (most of us remember peeling away one of these dry layers).

The 'living and the dead'

The nail is really made up of three parts: the "living" or matrix which lies below the cuticle and upto the half-moon: the nail plate or the "dead" portion from the half-moon up to the fingertip and the dry tip of the nail which extends beyond the fingertip, often called the free edge. Here is a brief glossary of terms relating to the structure of the nail:

The nail wall which, together with the cuticle, forms the frame which surrounds the visible part of the nail on three sides and is composed of skin.

The cuticle is the slim, curved edging of the skin—part of the nail wall, which lies at the base of the nail plate. If neglected, the cuticle grows up over the nail plate; tends to stick to it, harbours dirt and could eventually become infected. Another danger is if the cuticle is held firmly to the nail surface, instead of being pliable, it will be over stretched when the nail moves forward and could eventually snap resulting in hangnails.

The matrix is the living, reproducing section of the nail and where the quality and condition of the future nail will be determined. The new cells are formed here and, as they do so, continually push the old cells forward towards the fingertip to form the nail plate. As long as the matrix is not involved when the fingernail is injured, any damage to the nail plate is usually only temporary.

Lunula or half-moon is the pearly, crescent-shaped part of the nail which is the only visible part of the matrix. It is sometimes referred to as the bridge between the living matrix and the horny, homogeneous collection of closely-packed cells we call the nail plate. Cells are dying off here, but it is still fairly soft and "tacky" as they are not yet hard.

The free edge is the dry part that grows beyond the fingertip. From the cuticle to the tip of the finger the nail is porous allowing moisture to pass continually either way through the nail . . . commonly known as "breathing". However, once the nail grows beyond the fingertip and becomes the free edge this two-way passage of moisture ceases and the tip tends to become very dry and brittle.. This dry condition is intensified by the constant use of harsh chemicals or detergents—not to mention all the drumming, scratching, tapping and knocking the free edge is subjected to. Little wonder it breaks or splits! The nail bed is described as a continuation of the matrix and bears many similarities to ordinary skin. It supports the nail plate and on its surface presents numerous parallel ridges which dovetail exactly with similar ridges on the under skin of the nail plate, welding them firmly

Illustration courtesy of Dorothy Gray

gether. It used to be thought that the il plate moved forward while the nail dremained stationary but it is now beved that both the nail plate and bed ginate from the matrix and move ford together. A sharp blow may cause y haemorrhages in the bed beneath the il plate, appearing as tiny blue spots hich are in fact minute bruises). These, e the white spots that indicate a less were blow, usually glide forward with anail plate and gradually disappear.

arometer of the body

ose lucky enough to have strong, healthy ils tend to take them very much for anted—which is rather foolhardy when e realises how complex the fingernail is d how often the slightest knock can ect the growth. These people also find difficult to understand how distressing oblem nails can be to others and to what igths some people will go to disguise em. One expert has put the number of ople with nail deficiencies as high as one three. The same expert described the ils as "the barometer of the body"-and htly so. Most people have experienced eir doctors looking at fingernails first nen he is consulted about general bility or being "run down".

Let us first consider some of these innal causes which could contribute to or nail growth. As with many other nditions, a badly-balanced diet is often blame. Sufficient dairy produce such as lk, eggs, butter and cheese is essential well as plenty of fish, fruit and green getables. Other internal causes that could tract from normal nail development inude glandular disturbances, anaemia, eumatism and acidity, shock, allergies d general ill-health. So, it is important at when nails are a problem the general alth of the customer is first taken into count. Now to the more common exter-I factors: the constant use of detergents, ncentrated acids and harsh soaps, cupational wear and tear (as in typing), tting or filing away the sides of the nail sharply, the habit of digging into the ticle which causes the nail plate to velop ridges, over-long immersion in ter-particularly in hard, chalky water in swimming pools when disinfectant is esent and the constant use of nail enael without the use of a protective base

Nails, like the skin, can be classified into rious groups and different treatments commended for each one. These are:—

ne soft, pliable nail

mediately from the application of one the nail hardeners or strengtheners such Cutex Strong Nail. Mavala Scientifique, evlon's Wondernail, Nailoid nail hardeners or Diamon Glaze. Most of these procts are intended to be applied to the tip, free edge only, and act as a hardener "cement" the various layers of cells gether. They should not be used too vishly, or too frequently. And, of course, il polish can provide extra "body" to is type of nail—provided a base coat ch as Marala's 002 is used to protect ainst any drying effects.

ails that break/split easily

ois condition needs a more long-term catment and consequently much more



Nail biters' anonymous?

Nail biting is a nervous habit which causes distress to many people irrespective of age, sex and social distinctions. There are a number of liquid deterrents on the market such as Mavala Stop and Fassett & Johnson's Stop It which can be most effective. Now Eylure are recommending their range of false nails to nail biters as a reminder not to bite and also to act as a "cover up" while the new nail is growing. However Eylure realise that many addicts are much too shy to approach their chemist in the first instance to try on various sizes. To overcome this, Eylure are starting a kind of "nail biters' anonymous" whereby nail biters can write to Eylure first for a selector to choose their correct size, plus literature on nail care. They can then apply to Eylure once only for their false nails after which they will receive a list of stockists.

patience before any results are visible! It is the matrix, or living part, that needs nourishing and strengthening here. Some reconditioning creams and lotions which encourage this healthy growth are Nail Flex from Cutex which contains an iodine derivative plus a mild germicide, also their Nail Body which is said to both condition and "fuse" the nail without impeding the essential two-way process of "breathing", Nailoid from Richards & Appleby and Proteinail from Jackel & Co Ltd which can also be used as a hand cream.

Regular massage of the cuticles with a rich cream helps the new nail to glide forward unimpeded. Suggested products are Cutex cuticle cream, Mavala cuticle oil, Revlon's cuticle massage cream, Nu Nale cuticle softener from Dendron Distributors and Healthinale from the Hand & Nail Institute.

Perseverance is a key word when treating the breaking/splitting type of nail. But it is generally accepted that if the blood flow to the roots is stimulated by massage then the nail growth can be accelerated, especially when combined with a product which will accelerate slow-growing nails. Sometimes it only needs a ring which fits too tightly to impede the circulation of the blood to the nail root and the growth will be diminished. Mavala's Mavaderma is a nutritive product, protein enriched, which has been specifically designed to penetrate

to the nail root and stimulate development.

Buffing is also a method of speeding up circulation and hence the nail growth. However it is important to only buff in the one direction and not with a see-saw action. Demuth's Carnate if applied before buffing can help conditioning, as well as polish and remove any harmful enzymes present on the nail plate. Samsar of Paris, Mary Quant, Nailoid and Jean Sorelle all supply buffers.

If a normally healthy nail should break or split—usually at the wrong moment!—then a nail repair kit such as Revlon's Mend-A-Nail kit and Mavala's Refix kit is the quick answer.

The normal, healthy nail

Should be guarded zealously, never be taken for granted and worked at constantly! There are still golden rules to be observed to ensure nails stay healthy and these include avoiding harsh detergents with the use of rubber gloves, using the cushions of the fingers whenever possible instead of fingertips, dialling with a pencil when making a telephone call, not using sharp nail brushes, never digging with a sharp instrument underneath the nail, and having a weekly manicure. A manicure can easily be carried out at home, and proceeds as follows:—first remove all old nail polish with an oily remover, file the nails to the desired length (remembering that too long talons can cause strain) working from the side towards the middle and filing in one direction only, then apply a rich cuticle cream or oil like Cutex cuticle cream or Woltz Italiana cuticle softening cream and massage well into the cuticle with the thumb, soak in warm soapy water for a few minutes only and apply a cuticle remover such as Cutex oily cuticle remover with an orange stick which has had cotton wool wrapped around the tip. When using the orange stick avoid undue pressure on the matrix as this could result in dents and grooves on the future nail. If necessary, trim any hangnails but never cut cuticles except to remove dead tissue such as hangnails and rough edges. Go over the nails lightly with a little nail polish remover to take off all traces of cream and moisture still remaining and now apply a base coat like Mavala's 002, Cutex base coat or Nail Body and Nailoid's new base coat followed by two coats of nail enamel and topped with a sealer or top coat.

Nail colours for spring

Soft pinks, peaches and corals seem to be the popular choice for spring and most cosmetic houses offer a choice of pearl or cream. But there will always be those who like their nail polish more bold and dramatic and, for these, Gala are launching their Summer Stones range consisting of six pearly nail colours in early May. Shades will include purple quartz, yellow agate, black diamond and deep onyx—and they look as striking as they sound! New shades from Cutex are burnished rose, rich red, shot silk, crazy coral and wild orange. Nailoid will be launching a complete range of nail enamels in early June, including 24 shades—both clear, creme and pearl—a base coat and sealer.

Remember, nail polish takes up to 20 minutes to really harden. It would be a pity to spoil all that hard work with a heavy smudge mark!



Sizzling Summer Colours

They're the great nail fashion for Spring and Summer. And Cutex should know. Because we're the brand leader holding 25% of all nail polish users.* Our Sizzling Summer Colours are aimed at young girls with go. While our Shady Lady Shades have got the upper hand on your more sophisticated customers. Either way, you can't do without them.

They're backed by a big full page advertising campaign. In full colour. Sizzling Summer Colours and Shady Lady Shades will

be seen in the best places: Vogue. 19. Honey. Jackie. Loving. Cosmopolitan. Looking Good. Woman's Own. All the magazines your customers read.

They're in a colourful display unit that'll make you big sales. So show them off. Our exciting counter display pre-pack was designed to catch every girl's eye. Because it's filled with the colour they want. In it Cutex put 6 of each nail polish shade, 3 of each lipstick colour. And, of course, lipstick testers.

You pay £11.15 (at A terms) Your Sales £18.72 Your Profit 32%

^{*1972} IPC Cosmetic and Toiletries Survey.

w the leader.



Shady Lady Shades



Order your Shady Lady Shades and Sizzling Summer Colours display with this coupon now, before the rush starts.

We will deliver in May.

To: Brian Green, Sales Manager – Chesebrough-Pond's Ltd., Victoria Road, London, NW106NA

Please send me your pre-pack display containing: $3\frac{1}{2}$ doz. polishes, $1\frac{1}{2}$ doz. lipsticks, price £11.15, plus 10% VAT, and invoice me on delivery.

Name

Address

Registered in England No. 359698.

It has been said that on average a person takes some 10,000 steps a day, involving a good deal of hard work. Yet how many people seriously look after their feet which are doing all this work? . . . really look after them-not just a quick dollop of talcum powder when putting on socks or tights! All too often the winter months go by with feet receiving the minimum of attention when suddenly it's summer and time for toeless, backless sandals. This is when most people rediscover that part of their anatomy which has been hidden away for so long and when more customers browse through the footcare products section. But of course it's not just from the aesthetic point of view but for comfort too, particularly for those who spend a good part of the day standing.

Nearly everyone's feet can look attractive and be virtually trouble-free if a little attention is spared them each day plus a regular weekly pedicure backed by a wide variety of footcare products which can alleviate many of the more common problems as well as greatly improving the look of the feet. Beauty Business discusses these aids in conjunction with a simple footcare routine plus some of the minor foot problems that might be troubling customers.

FINDING OUT ABOUT FEET



courtesy of Nutres.

CHOES that fit badly still cause most foot problems, despite all the warnings given by various experts over the years. It is surprising how many people are still prepared to squeeze their feet into all kinds of narrow, uncomfortable shoes for the sake of fashion, not realising-or perhaps not caring-the irreparable damage they might be causing. In children, ill-fitting shoes are a major contributor to foot deformities arising in later life.

Of course, it's not just shoes that are to blame but socks and tights that are too small and so do not allow the feet to "breathe". A chiropodist once said that if a person makes sure they always buy snug, comfortable footwear then they are halfway to having healthy feet. A little everyday attention also helps.

A simple footcare routine to follow

yourself or to recommend to your footweary customers is to first try and have a bath or shower daily. If this is not possible then try to bathe the feet every day which, apart from hygiene, is most refreshing particularly when bath salts such as Radox, Epsom salts, Tidman's Sea Salt or Fynnon Spa are added. Other benefits of this daily "soak" are softening of the skin and increased circulation (if circulation is a special problem then it helps to run the feet under a cold water tap afterwards). When bathing of any kind is out of the question, such as when travelling long distances, then Quickies Foot Refresher Pads are handy to carry around. Always dry the feet well after bathing, especially between the toes otherwise sore "cracking" can occur and, sometimes even Athlete's Foot can gain entry.

After bathing is the best time for cutting

toe nails because the nails are more pliable and easier to cut. It is important to remember to cut straight across and never to try and round the corners as with finger nails as this will only encourage ingrowing toe nails. Nail clippers are usually best because they promote the correct method of cutting. The nail edges can then be smoothed with an emery board or nail file to prevent jagged edges. The cuticles should be gently eased back with an orange stick which has been wrapped in cotton wool. However, if the cuticle skin "sticks" hard to the nails then it should be treated with cuticle remover first. The cuticles can be kept in a healthy condition if Cutex Cuticle Cream, Nailoid, or any other cuticle cream is regularly massaged in. While pushing back cuticles with an orange stick, also clean under the toe nail, again making sure the end of the stick is

ered in fresh cotton wool.

Now, to deal with any unsightly, hard n. If the skin is quite "leathery" then oll's corn and callous file can be used remove it. Dry, rough skin can be ted with one of the lotions or creams the purpose such as Scholl's rough skin over or Pretty Feet from Scott & wne. They should be massaged in tly all round the soles, heels and other gh areas which will result in the rough ticles rolling off leaving the soft layer lerneath.

he feet must now be "moisturised" to lace that lost during bathing and remoof the "dead" skin and also to tone up circulation which, if very sluggish, can d to chilblains, "pins and needles" and a chy, discoloured look. Scholl's Clear e foot gel. Vaseline intensive care lotion any other rich moisturising cream uld be massaged in with firm, upward kes from the toes up to the knees. If skin is very dry and neglected then an ra-rich cream can be used such as oll's enriched skin food.

When tired, aching feet are a particular blem because of the customers' employnt then Valpeda or Scholl's antiseptic t balms can also be applied. Although lpeda is primarily used to treat Athlete's ot it contains menthol to cool and resh as well as various antiseptic proties to ward off infection.

nishing touch

osol sprays are one of the newer es of footcare product and very effecwhen dealing with that age-old prob-n of "smelly feet". They are an ideal ck-up" and most of them can be used ectly through tights or stockings so it is necessary to seek locked doors before aying! Scholl offer three different types aerosol preparations: the foot deodot spray for all-day protection against our, the anti-perspirant spray for those o suffer from a stronger odour problem their foot refresher spray whenever a ck refresher is required. Other aerosol t sprays with deodorising and anticterial qualities include Footsy from lex, the new Gillette Foot Guard, Cool ot from Beecham Toiletries and Radox ot Spray from Nicholas Products which recently been reformulated without xachlorophene.

Nail polish is the finishing touch for etty feet and, for some reason, many ople feel much more daring in their pice of colour, often using black/reds a different colour on each toe nail! owever, like fingernails, it is advisable to st use a base coat to prevent discolouran. Recommend the use of cotton wool lls to wedge the toes apart to avoid the il polish becoming smudged.

Before putting on tights or stockings courage the habit of sprinkling some cum powder or Scholl's Special Foot wder on the feet for extra comfort.

ouble afoot

ost people have suffered at one or anher time with their feet. How many nes, and with various degrees of intens-, have you heard that phrase "my feet killing me!" Of course, for most of em the answer is a visit to their chiropost but here are a few of the more com-



Illustration courtesy of Scholl

mon ailments with some suggested treatments.

Athlete's foot: One of the most persistent and irritating of all foot infections, athlete's foot is highly contagious and caused by a fungus similar to that which causes ringworm. Attacks tend to occur more frequently in hot weather when heavy sweating gives the fungus an ideal environment in which to multiply as well as penetrate more deeply. Symptoms can include an itchy rash, splitting of the skin between the toes and blisters on the skin under the toes. It is particularly common in schools and other places where people share their washing facilities.

Scholl produce two complementary products for this condition: Sl athlete's foot liquid which contains a borotannic complex in a quick-evaporating solvent mixture to prevent reinfection and to attack the fungus and Scholl's athlete's foot powder to apply afterwards. Valpeda antiseptic foot balm from Reckitt's & Colman is also recommended for this condition; as is Sek ointment from ICC, Tineafax ointment/ powder from Wellcome Consumer Sales and Mycil powder from BDH Pharma-

Corns: These are common when shoes are

too tight and friction or pressure occurs. They are to be found between the toes, on top of the toe joint, top or tip of the toesbut wherever they are, they hurt! Remedies include Freezone, a liquid corn remover from ICC; Carnation corn caps from Cuxson Gerrard which as well as giving relief also contain a salicylic acid ointment for dealing with the corn; Carnation corn paint for inconveniently placed corns; Scholl's Zino corn pads and plasters which are also medicated for quick corn removal; Scholl's 2-drop corn remover which softens them for removal; Scholl's corn and callous salve for more stubborn corns and a variety of corn pads to give relief from painful shoe pressure are available from both Scholl and Carnation.

Callouses: Like corns, these are also a toughening of the skin—but usually on the ball or side of the foot and again usually caused by undue pressure. It helps with this complaint if the skin is kept soft and nourished such as when using a rich moisturiser regularly. Treatments include Carnation callous caps and Scholl's Zino callous pads which are both medicated for removal and will give relief from discomfort; Scholl's corn and callous file and their Salve. Felt callous pads, Tarso callous Foam cushion pads and Kurotex callous pads are some of the Scholl aids which are designed to relieve painful shoe pressure.

Bunions: A term for the deviation of the big toe, the cause of which can either be hereditary or badly-fitting shoes. The soft tissues begin to swell and thicken because of this deviation and hence the bunion. Carnation bunion rings from Cuxson Gerrard give relief as do a variety of pads and shields from Scholl, who also make a bunion lotion for tender great toe joints. Ingrowing toenails: This condition is more often than not caused by faulty cutting of the toenail when the sides are filed or cut away too sharply instead of being left short and square. As a result the nails grow and, as they do so, press into the sides of the toes. Scholl produces a liquid treatment for this condition called Onixol which is meant to be used with their Toe Cap to protect the nail from pressure. Onixol is claimed to reduce pain and help restore healthy nail growth.

Warts: A hospital doctor or chiropodist is the best person to deal with this problem because, although warts are very common, they can be painful and rather difficult to

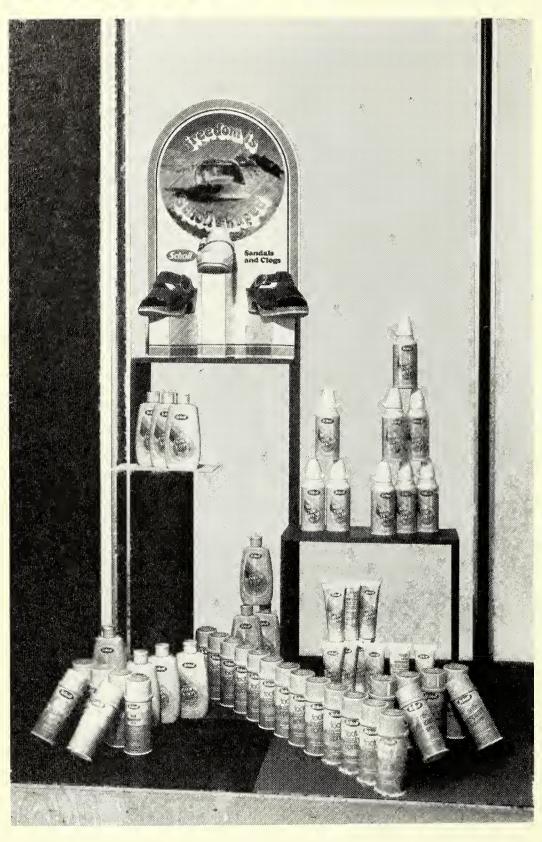
treat at home.



Footnote

Feet will probably never be considered the most beautiful part of the human anatomy but that is no reason to ignore them as that customer hobbling over to the footcare section with the rather pained expression will testify. And one where the old Belgian saying "Happy feet, Happy smile" begins to make sense.

SHOWING OFF... Footare



Keep it simple say Scholl

You don't have to be a professional window dresser to design a good display—but a few "tricks of the trade" will certainly be helpful.

First tip is to keep things really simple: get maximum visual impact by concentrating on just a few items instead of using a mass of unrelated packs. Choose your products not only according to the season, but tie them in with current advertising campaigns and special promotions whenever possible.

Spring is the ideal time for a display of footcare products, such as this one which uses only Scholl products. It is deliberately formal because the objects in themselves are formal in shape. Very little display material is needed: the effect is achieved by repetition of the products to make a linear design.

Placed in front are the three types of Scholl footspray which will be getting advertising support during Spring and Summer. On the left are the foot deodorant sprays which are bright blue and yellow. Diagonally in the centre is a line of foot refresher sprays in green and yellow. On the right are the anti-perspirant sprays making a contrasting splash of colour

in orange and yellow. The slanted can on both sides and the diagonal line of sprays draw the eye both inwards and upwards, to focus attention on the new range of Scholl foot and leg-care products, to be introduced this Spring. The packs of the Scholl softening lotion, rough skin remover and the leg hair remover aerosol are all in the same yellow, but each features a tear-drop motif in a different colour. Note how the shape of the aerosols is emphasised by the way in which the cans are stacked. This further leads the eye to the sandal and clog display, which uses a single

display panel. The picture and slogan "Freedom is Scholl-shaped" is the same as that of the advertising campaign promoting Scholl footwear, which will be seen by millions of women throughout Spring and Summer.

Have you spotted the "deliberate

Have you spotted the "deliberate mistake"— some of the packs have been turned around to show the back. It's an old display trick to jar the eye—the irregularity makes you take notice and also focusses attention on the user's instructions so that people stop to read. Obviously, you can only do this when the back of the pack looks as attractive as the front.

A few more do's and don'ts . . . Don't lay a pack or can down flat; always tilt it slightly or lean it against another product. Give products plenty of space to "breathe" and vary the amount of space in between. Make sure that all labels neatly face the same way, or the simplicity will be spoiled. Forget about single products but think in terms of lines and shapes to lead the eye from one corner to the other.

ANNE FRENCH

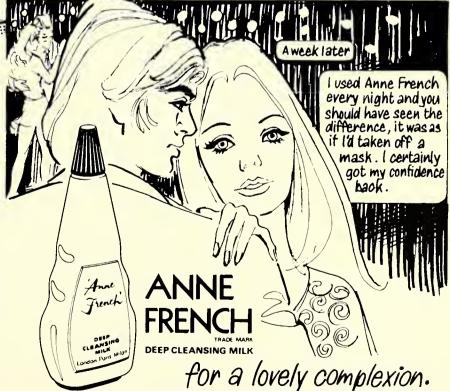
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YOU'LL BE SELLING NOW

For Eyes

COTY Avocado Eye Creme

Selling peg: Blend of Avocado oils and vitamins for eye area claimed to prevent puffiness and supplement moisture deficiencies; also recommended for chapped lips.

Price: £0.85

MAYBELLINE Great Lash

Selling peg: Creamy mascara which can be applied without waiting for individual coats to dry. Available in five shades.

Price: £0.50

YARDLEY Cool Creams

Selling peg: Glossy eye creams in six colours presented in small black pots.

Price: £0.36

For Feet

SCHOLL Softening lotion

Selling peg: A non-greasy softener containing cocoa butter plus allantoin and emollients for feet and legs.

Price: £0.45

SCHOLL Leg Hair Remover

Selling peg: An aerosol depilatory for lcg which is said to be less messy and simpler to use than others.

Price: £0.65

SCHOLL Rough Skin Remover

Selling peg: Removes hard skin from feet, hands and elbows and also "feeds" the skin at the same time.

Price: tube £0.31

RADOX Foot Spray

Selling peg: A deodorising / anti-fungal product which also relieves tired, aching feet. Has recently been reformulated to exclude hexachlorophane.

Price: £0.45 $\frac{1}{2}$

For Fragrance

HELENA RUBENSTEIN Courant

Selling peg: Gay warm perfume with longlasting qualities which is said to "have many facets to match a woman's many moods". Price: ½0z parfum £3·40, ½0z parfum £5·35, 20z eau de parfum mist £1·40, 20z eau de parfum £1·32, perfumed dusting powder in drum with puff £1·80, talc in spray cylinder £0·90.

BONNE BELL COSMETICS Skin

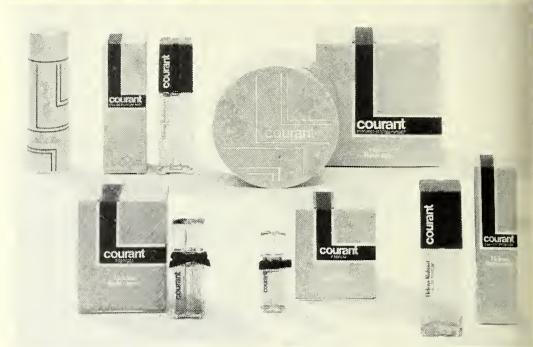
Selling peg: The scent of musk aimed at either sex who like a fragrance with "staying power".

Price: £2.50

INNOXA Gingham/Appointment

Selling peg: Both Gingham and Appointment toilet water now presented in 10cc handbag sized aerosol sprays.

Price: £0.34



HOUBIGANT Ambergris/Civet

Selling peg: The Alyssa Ashley division are adding Ambergris and Civet fragrances to their range. Each pack contains a free horoscope.

Price: £0.78

For Hair

ELIDA Sunsilk setting lotion

Selling peg: Setting lotion in aerosol spray form with four variants: for dry, normal, greasy or fly-away hair and each can contains enough for 8/10 sets.

Price: £0.291/2

TWICE AS LASTING Quick Set

Selling peg: Aerosol "hairdo reviver" which works equally well on long or short hair. Each can contains enough for at least five sets.

Price: £0.40

WELLA Almond Creme Rinse

Selling peg: A one treatment sachet of Almond Creme Rinse is now available as well as the 95cc bottle.

Price: £0.6

Coming Soon

YARDLEY More Nature Lipids

Selling peg: Three more products added to the Nature Lipids skin care range: Cream Concentrate a moisturing cream for all types of skin; Lotion Moisturiser, a non-greasy moisturising lotion for normal to oily skins: Cleansing Milk, recommended for normal to oily skins.

Price: Cream Concentrate £1.18, Lotion Moisturiser £0.84 and Cleansing Milk £0.77

NAILOID Nail accessories range

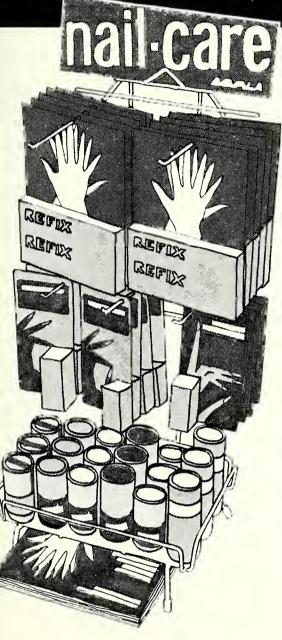
Selling peg: Includes a range of nail enamels comprising 2 clear, 9 pearl and 9 creme shades plus cuticle remover, base coat, top coat and polish remover.

Price: According to item





Now, you can open a hand and nail care department for less than £18



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and staggered round the supermarket



Offer them a little light relief



A Nicholas (N) Product

Radox Foot Spray cares for busy feet three important ways:

It sprays away aches and tiredness. (Try it yourself – it really does). And you can spray it on through stockings and socks.

It's a deodorant. Radox Foot Spray will keep your

feet fresh as a daisy. All day long.

It's medicated. Reformulated – contains no hexachlorophene – but includes powerful anti-fungal and anti-bacterial ingredients that help to prevent and control 'Athletes Foot'.

Concentrated National advertising starts this month, so more and more people will be asking you for Radox Foot Spray.

If you haven't already ordered, now's the time.

Nicholas Products Limited, 225 Bath Road, Slough, Bucks SL1 4AU



Large size

New Veeto is twice as gentle. So it will sell twice as well.

Women want a hair-removing cream that's gentle — they told us so. So we've made new Veeto twice as gentle, so gentle they could even use it on their face.

Twice as beautiful

New Veeto has a beautifully gentle perfume, and a fresh feminine pack that's twice as attractive in your shop—and on her bathroom shelf. Plus a new spatula that's twice as easy to use. All of which means that women will want new Veeto twice as much.



High-impact advertising

This year we've got the biggest-ever advertising campaign to support new Veeto. Whole-page advertisements will appear in all the major women's magazines, telling your customers about new Veeto. This high-impact campaign will appear from May throughout the summer.

Yet another reason why new Veeto will sell twice as well.

New Veeto... everything a woman wants